The Mapleton Item.

VOL. XX. MAPLETON DEPOT, PA., WEDNESDAY, APRIL 22, 1908. NO. 6

LOCAL NEWS.

For fine box stationery, go to the ITEM office.

For best hard and soft coal, go to Gilbert's coal yard. Prices always lowest.

Mrs. David Shore has had her dwelling re-roofed with wooden shingles.

The Republican state convention will be held at Harrisburg next Wednesday, April 29th.

For Rent — Front flat in Wright building, containing 4 rooms and bath. C. C. Wright, proprietor.

Next Saturday Miss Jennie Baker will have ice cream, cake and pies for sale at her residence on Main street. The patronage of the public solicited.

A big cut or a little cut. small scratches or bruises or big ones are healed quickly by DeWitt's Carbolized Witch Hazel Salve. It is especially good for piles. Get DeWitt's. Sold by Wright & Dell.

The U. B. parsonage on Grant street was recently made more attractive by the application of a fresh coat of paint.

Twenty persons from our neighboring town of Mill Creek witnessed the Eatser services in the M. E. church Sunday evening.

J. E. Corbin has been appointed foreman at the Empire works of the Pennsylvania Glass Sand Company, vice Z. T. McDonald, deceased. He has had a long experience in sand quarrying and has the ability to make a good foreman.

Thomas A. Ripple, of Mount Union, was removed to the state hospital for insane at Harrisburg last week. He is an excellent young man whose mind became unbalanced from nervous trouble. His many friends hope he may speedily be restored mentally and physically.

Railroad Officer James Hommon, of Huntingdon, was in town Monday, ostensibly on a pleasure jaint but more really in quest of offenders of the law. James will no doubt prove himself an able servant of the law and order clause of the constitution of our commonwealth

Mrs. Edward McCarrell, of Belwood, suffered a second stroke of paralysis on Sunday and her condition is critical. She will be removed to the home of Jere Brumbaugh near Mill Creek where she will be cared for by her sister, Mrs. Brumbuagh. Mrs. McCarrell was formerly Miss Belle Pheasant and has a host of friends in this section who will be sorry to learn of her affliction.

It was announced last week by the National Guard committee that Gettysburg has been selected as the site for the next division encampment of the guard. The site will be on the scene of the third day's battle on the historic field, the infantry occupying the same sites as in 1904 The date will be selected later, but it is certain that the encampment will be held the latter part of July.

The Pittsburg White Sand company, on Monday resumed the operation of the second mill of their plant, giving employment to a number of men who have been idle for some weeks. For several years past the labor at this plant had been performed principally by foreigners, but Superintendent G. W. Yocum has decreed that Americans shall be given the preference over any other class of laborers.

Mrs. Katherine Goodman, who during the winter returned from Dwight, Illinois, to make her home with her daughter, Mrs. Martha Stewart, at Eden Hill, Spruce Creek, is critically ill at this writing. Mrs. Goodman. who is aged upward of eighty years' is an aunt of G. W. Yocum and Mrs. S. B. Neice, of this place. Mrs. Neice went to Spruce Creek yesterday to see her aunt and will return home to-day.

Dr. F. L. Schum and Miss Bertha Peightal, both of Huntingdon, were united in marriage at noon last Thursday. The ceremony was performed at the Presbyterian manse, 226 South Twelfth Street, Philadelphia, by Rev. W. W. Rook. Dr. Schum is one of Huntingdon county's prominent physicians and his bride is a highly respected young lady who has been taking a course in the Presbyterian hospital, Philadelphia, as a trained nurse.

The Easter program rendered in the M. E. church Sunday evening furnished pleasing and instructive entertainment to the three hundred persons who had assembled in the spacious edifice to witness the exercises. The recitations by members of the infant class of the Sunday school, special music by the church choir, a solo by Miss Blanche Palmer and an appropriate address by the pastor, Rev. J. H. Ake, were admirable features of the evening's exercises,

L. E. Hancock yesterday moved from Mapleton to W. H. Spangler's farm in Trough Creek valley.

The croquet grounds near L. F. Baker's barber shop on Main street have been put in shape for the season and already a number of lovers of the sport have been trying their skill at putting the balls through the arches.

The nervy individuals who, having no telephone service of their own, quietly slip into the store or office or some obliging acquaintance whenever they have occasion to use the phone, are given their just rank in society by the Connellsville Daily Courier when it says, "Some small boys in Uniontown have been prosecuted for stealing telephone wire, but lots of grown people appropriate the wires every day without so much as a reprimand, though the business men often feel like saying a few hot ones."

The two hundred road men employed by the Altoona and Logan Valley Railway company on its lines in the city of Altoona and those running to Hollidaysburg and Tyrone have learned that on May 1 they will suffer a ten per cent. cut in their wages. Many of them are disgruntled over the coming cut but no trouble is anticipated as a readjustment of working hours will enable them to make almost as much money during the summer and the condition, it is said, will only exist during the present business depression.

John Heffner, conductor of Huntingdon shifter, made a very narrow escape from being run down by train No. 30 Tuesday morning last, while standing on No. 1 track taking the numbers of a draft of sand cars which had been swung down the main siding near the passenger station by his train crew about the time train No. 30 was due. Passengers and employees at the station seeing his danger attempted to attrack his attention, but the engine was within a few feet of him e'er he discovered his danger, the cars being on the siding prevented the use of that track as a place of safety and the fence dividing Nos. 1 and 2 tracks being at his rear, no one thought he would be able to escape and watched spell bounded for what seemed the inevitable. Mr. Heffner however, made the attempt at scaling the fence and secceed in getting to the top rail as the engine passed. To those who saw his narrow escape the experience was one of the nerve racking nature.

Mrs. J. Fred Stratford.

Sarah Elizabeth Stratford, wife of John Fred Stratford, formerly of Mt. Union, died at the home of her daughter, Mrs. J. A. Latherow, last Saturday morning of heart trouble, superinduced by a complication of other diseases. She has been ill for a long time and her death was expected. Mrs. Stratford's maiden name was McCraner, and she was a native of Knightstown, Ohio. She was aged 61 years and 26 days. June 16, 1868, she and Mr. Stratford were united in marriage at Marengo, Iowa. Her husband and three children, Dr. Earl F. Stratford, of Mansfield, Ohio, Mrs. J. A. Latherow and Mrs. J. F. Fetterly, of Altoona, survive her. She is also survived by two brothers, W. H. McCraner, of Kansas, and Theodore McCraner, of Wisconsin. Deceased was a member of the Methodist Episcopal church for many years. The remains were interred at Altoona yesterday afternoon.

Huntingdon Man Killed in New Jersey.

John A. Westbrook, of Homestead, New Jersey, formerly of Huntingdon, received injuries in the wreck of a dinkey on which he was engineer last Saturday morning, which necessitated the amputation of one of his legs, and which caused his death Sunday night. Deceased was a native of this county and resided at Huntingdon until about seven years ago. He was a veteran of the civil war and was in the 68th year of his age. He is survived by his second wife, five daughters, three sons and one step-son; also by four brothers and one sister. Mrs. Albert H. Stever, of Huntingdon, who has many friends in Mapleton, is a daughter. The body was brought to Huntingdon yesterday morning where it will be buried this afternoon.

Take Notice.

All persons indebted to the undersigned are requested to call and make payment to G. D. Wood, with whom we have left our books for the next thirty (30) days. At the expiration of the thirty days, all accounts not settled will be placed in the hands of an attorney for collection.

B. O'CONNOR & SONS.

Mapleton Depot, Pa., April 20, 1908.

DeWitt's Little Early Risers, the famous little pills. Sold by Wright & Dell.

PERSONAL NOTES.

—Loy McCarl, of Altoona, visited his parents in town on Saturday.

—J. G. Hicks spent Sunday with friends at Martinsburg and Altoona.

—Mr. and Mrs. I. W. Fleck spent Sunday with friends in Huntingdon.

—Supt. Paul Rupert, of the Saltillo Telephone company, was in town Saturday.

—M. L. Williams and W. H. Haws, of Johnstown, were visitors in town last Friday.

—Mrs. J. G. Hicks visited her aged mother, Mrs. Nancy Simpson, at Mill Creek on Sunday.

—Mrs. V. C. Stevens, of Three Springs, was guest of Mr. and Mrs. John Heck Saturday and Sunday last.

—Thomas White, who is employed on a farm near Cooks station on the E. B. T. R. R. was in town over Sunday.

—Vance Simpson, of Altoona, visited his aunts, Mrs. J. B. Dell and Miss Alice Wright in this place on Sunday.

—Miss Edna Dell, of Altoona, spent Easter Sunday with her grandmother, Mrs. Emeline Dell, in this place.

—Dr. Johnson, of McVeytown, was in town last Friday in consultation with our resident physician, Dr. Spangler.

—Mrs. Nettie Hommon, of Huntingdon, visited over Sunday with friends and former neighbors in Mapleton.

—Mrs. Andrew Yetter, of Lack, Juniata county, is visiting the family of her son, Frank Yetter. on Main street.

—Miss Edith Wood, of Everett, spent the Eastertide with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. T. M. Wood on Sherman street.

—Harry Menald, a student at Williamson Trade school, was the guest of his aunt, Mrs. D. B. Miller, last Sunday.

—Miss Sue Spangler, of Cassville, is visiting for a time at the home of her sister, Mrs. G. D. Wood, on Grant street.

—Harry Schulman, of Lock Haven, formerly with Shapiro Bros. at this place, was calling on friends in town Thursday.

—Mrs. Joseph Peganelli and Mrs. Vint Black and son, of Huntingdon, were guests of M. L. Neice's family last Thursday.

—Mrs. George H. Shoop and two children, of Altoona, were guests of her niece, Miss Flora Dell, last Thursday and Friday.

—William Rainey and wife, of Lewistown, spent Sunday with Mrs. Rainey's parents, Charles Weaver and wife, in the west end.

—Misses Beatrice and Gladys Cassady, of Altoona, were guests during the week at the home of their grandmother, Mrs. M. L. Rex.

—Mrs. Herbert Bowman and two children, of Altoona, visited with her husband's mother, Mrs. L. P. Bowman, part of last week.

—Bruce Yocum, Jr., of Pittsburg, called on his aged grandfather, Marshall Yocum, and other friends in Mapleton last Thursday.

—Mrs. I. N. Swope, of Huntingdon, accompanied by her son Gayton, and granddaughter, Evelyn Doris Swope, spent Friday with friends in town.

—Mrs. Myrtle Parks and child, of Saltillo, and Emery Long, wife and child, of Mount Union, were Sunday visitors at the home of Howard Barkley.

—Miss Myrtle Wright, assistant to the principal in the Juniata high school, spent the Easter vacation with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Geo. W. Wright.

—Mrs. Samuel C. Wagner and children, of Harrisburg, are visiting her mother, Mrs. Emeline Dell, and her sisters, Mrs. G. W. Wright, and Mrs. J. W. Stumbaugh, this week.

—Miss Daisy Rice, of Steelton, visited for a couple days during the week with her aunt, Mrs. John Long, in the west end. Miss Rice was returning from a protracted visit among friends in Ohio.

—Miss Olive Coder, who very acceptably performed the duties of dining-room girl at the Clairndon for the past three months, has resigned her position and on Monday returned to her home near town.

—J. Blanchard Montgomery, of Altoona, spent Saturday night with his daughter in Mapleton and Sunday went to Ryde where his wife had preceded him. We are glad to note that Mrs. Montgomery's health is improving.

—Mrs. J. G. Gillam, of Huntingdon, spent Saturday afternoon with her parents Mr. and Mrs. A. M. Parker, on Main street. Her sons, Masters Sewell and Claude, enjoyed the Easter vacation with their grandparents, returning home Monday.

Church Announcements.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH, Rev. J. H. Ake, pastor—Prayer Meeting every Wednesday evening at 7 o'clock, led by the pastor.

Choir practice Friday evening at 7:15.

Sunday school every Sunday morning at 9.30.

Class meeting on alternate Sunday mornings.

Preaching next Sunday evening at 7 o'clock.

The public is cordially welcome at all the church services.

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, Rev. Edwin A. Snook, pastor—Prayer meeting every Thursday evening at 7 o'clock.

Services for next Sunday as follows: Sunday school at 9.30, preaching 10.30 a. m., and Christian Endeavor at 6.15 p. m.

UNITED BRETHREN CHURCH, Rev. T H. MacLeod, pastor.—Prayer meeting every Wednesday evening at 7.30 o'clock.

Sunday services: Sunday school 9.30 and class meeting 10.30 a. m., Young People's Rally at 6.30 p. m. Rev. G. W. Sherrick, of Huntingdon, will be the principal speaker at this service and special music will be rendered by the choir. The public is cordially invited to attend all the services of the church.

I. O. O. F. ANNIVERSARY AND PARADE AT SHAMOKIN.

For the Odd Fellows' anniversary and parade at Shamokin, April 28, special excursion tickets will be sold by the Pennsylvania Railroad to Shamokin and return from Altoona, Hollidaysburg, York, Columbia, Mt. Joy, Wilkes-Barre, Troy, Renovo, and intermediate stations to Shamokin, April 27 and 28 and good returning until April 29, inclusive, at rate of Two Cents a Mile, Distance Traveled. For specific rate consult Ticket Agent.

—E. E. Neice, of Harrisburg, spent yesterday afternoon at his parental home on Gard avenue.

—Miss Sara Boyer, of Huntingdon, was the guest of Mrs. Clair Wright at the Clairndon Friday last.

—Mrs. Elmer Breeman and two children, of Lewistown, were guests of A. M. Dell's family last Saturday.

—Abe Davis, the efficient and obliging salesman with Shapiro Bros., will move his family to Baltimore this week, where he will be engaged in business

—Mr. and Mrs. Darby Miller, of Union township, attended the funeral of Mrs. James Dougherty at Clearfield last Sunday afternoon. Floyd W. Miller, of Huntingdon, was also in attendance.

—Miss Alice Boring of Providence, Rhode Island spent Tuesday in town calling on her old friends and visiting with her sisters, Mrs. Hansen and Miss Annie Boring, who are with Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Sloan for a couple weeks. Miss Alice has many friends who are again glad to greet her. She will return to her duties as matron in a reform school for boys in the nutmeg state after a few days of visiting and recreation.

—Mrs. Lewis Hood, of Johnstown, was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Fred Hoffman last Saturday. Misses Mary Fry and Margaret Smith and Messrs. Stewart Jackson and Earl Horton, of Huntingdon, were entertained at the Hoffman home on Sunday.

—Prof. Earl C. Baity, who completed the term last Friday as teacher of the advanced grade of the borough schools, will leave next Friday for his home at Canoe Camp, Tioga county. Prof. Baity did splendid work in our schools during the term just ended and it is with regret that our people learn he will not be an applicant for another term.

—J. A. Wilkinson and family who have been residents of Mapleton since last December, on Saturday took their departure for Pittsburg, their former home. Their household effects have been stored here but will be forwarded just as soon as Mr. Wilkinson finds a suitable location in the Smoky city. During their brief residence here they made many friends who were sorry to see them move away.

—Mrs. Elizabeth Hansen and family and Miss Annie Boring are at the home of Mr. and Mrs. James D. Sloan. The ladies are preparing to return to their home in California, where they find more sunshine than among the hills of their native state. Mr. Hansen will visit his parents in Denmark, returning to his family at their home on the Pacific coast later in the season. The ladies, who are well known in Mapleton, have numerous engagements among their friends in town prior to their leaving for their far western home.

Jacob F. Gehrett.

Jacob F. Gehrett, the well known gunsmith, died at his home in Orbisonia April 11, 1908, aged 71 years, 7 months and 29 days. Deceased was born at Cassville August 12, 1836. He learned the trade of gunsmith and in 1856 located in Orbisonia and worked at his trade for many years. In 1862 he was united in marriage to Miss Annie Fleming. To this union one son Frank was born who died a few years ago. His first wife only lived a year or so until she was called to the great beyond. At one time Mr. Gehrett was engaged in the mercantile business in Orbisonia with his son Frank, the firm being known as J. F. Gehrett and son. He enlisted in the Civil War at Norristown in Co. B., 110th Regiment, February 1864. At the close of the war he returned home and resumed work at his trade. On May 5, 1868 he was married to Miss Ellen Rutter, who died March 1st 1896. To this union five children were born, one of whom is dead. The surviving children are Mrs. W. H. Thompson, of Reedsville, Mrs. Nannie Parsons and Miss Maude Gehrett, at home and John Gehrett, of Pittsburg. The brothers mourn his departure: George W., of Springfield, Mo., Walter S., of Nostonsville, Kan., James W., of Huntingdon; Adam, of Cassville. Mr. Gehrett was a quiet and peaceful citizen, and respected by everybody. At the time of death he was serving as Justice of Peace and his term would have expired in May. He was a faithful member of the M. E. church. Funeral services were conducted from the late residence Wednesday afternoon in charge of his pastor, Rev. Collins. Interment in Orbisonia cemetery.

Mrs. James Dougherty.

Mrs. Margaret Dougherty, wife of James Dougherty, died at her home in Clearfield, Thursday afternoon, April 16, 1908, of heart trouble. She had not been in ill health and her death was unexpected. Deceased was a daughter of Archibald Dell, one of the pioneer settlers of Hare's valley, and she was aged 66 years 1 month and 10 days. She was one of three sisters, one of whom—Mrs. Benjamin Quarry, of Hare's valley—died about five years ago, and the surviving one is Mrs. Andrew B. Apgar, of Huntingdon. She is survived by her husband, five sons and two daughters. One son, George W., is superintendent for the Elk Tanning company and is located at Ridgway. The other children reside at Clearfield. The family moved from Hare's valley to Clearfield about twenty-eight years ago where they have since resided. Mrs. Dougherty was a good woman and a devout member of the Baptist church. The remains were interred at Clearfield last Sunday afternoon.

Mrs. David Kurtz.

Mrs. David Kurtz died at her home in Germany valley April 14, 1908, of paralysis, aged 61 years, 9 months and 21 days. Mrs. Kurtz had been enjoying her usual good health up until an hour before her death when she was stricken and died within the time stated. She had been a member of the Reformed church since her youth and lived a christian life worthy of her profession. Deceased is survived by her husband, five sons and two daughters. The children are Luden, of Shirley township; Mrs. Porter J. Briggs, of Blue Ball, Centre county; Morrell, of Shirleysburg; Joseph, of Orbisonia; Miss Leona, William and James, at home. The funeral took place Friday afternoon, services being conducted at the home by Rev. D. E. Master, pastor of the Reformed church of Huntingdon. Interment was made in the Germany valley cemetery.

George S. Albert,

George S. Albert, a former resident of Mount Union, died at his home in Washington, D. C., Saturday, April 4, 1908, aged 70 years. While a resident of Mount Union Mr. Albert was connected with the DeFreen Chair Company. Deceased was a veteran of the civil war, being a member of First Maryland Volunteer Cavalry. Up to the time of his death he was employed in the Washington navy yard. He is survived by his wife, one son, Charles W. Albert. of Baltimore, and three daughters, Mrs. Charles DeFrehn, of Johnstown, Pa., Mrs. E. A. Sardo and Miss Lottie, of Washington, D. C. The remains were interred in Arlington cemetery at Washington on 7th inst.

Huntingdon & Broad Top's coal shipments last week were 15,495 tons, against 40,989 tons in the corresponding week last year.

NEWS BY WIRE

10,500 DOZEN EGGS IN A WEEK.

Peoria, Ill.—Gathering 10,500 dozen eggs in one week is the record accomplished by John Huverstahl, at Low Point, Ill. Late last week he received an order from Boston, Mass., to rush the shipment, and was given one week in which to fill the order. Woodford County was scoured and the consignment has been filled before the time limit. Thirteen and a half cents a dozen was the price.

Admiral Balch Dead.

Raleigh, N. C.—Rear-Admiral Geo. B. Balch, United States Navy, retired, who had come to Raleigh from his home in Baltimore for the winter for the sake of his health, is dead of pneumonia. George Beall Balch was born in Tennessee on January 3, 1821.

U. S. Car Comes Back.

Victoria, B. C.—The American car in the New York-to-Paris automobile race, which was compelled to abandon the trip across Alaska, has arrived on the steamship Bertha.

Prairie Fire Kills Seven.

St. Paul, Minn.—Louis O'Rian, his wife and five children perished in a prairie fire which swept the country twelve miles west of Cogswell, N. D. O'Rian hurried his family into a wagon, but lost in a race with the flames. The fire was spread all over the country by a wind which traveled at forty miles an hour.

Twins Born a Day Apart.

Springfield, Mass.—A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. Frank Sherman Bonney, and next day a daughter was born to them. The phenomenon of twins with different birthdays is almost unknown.

To Hold a National Spelling Bee.

Cleveland.—A national spelling bee will be held in connection with the annual session of the National Educational Association here on June 29.

Will Employ 10,000 Men.

Fairbanks, Alaska.—Ten thousand men will be engaged in Seattle and other Pacific Coast cities at a salary of $5 a day and board, according to a decision reached by the Mine Owners and Operators' Association.

Killed by Coin.

Laporte, Ind.—A large copper cent, swallowed sixty years ago, caused the death of James Huckins, sixty-seven years old. The coin became encased in the lining of the stomach at the time it was swallowed and remained there until recently, when an abscess formed and acids in the stomach began to dissolve the coin. Poisoning ensued, causing death.

Panic a Plot.

Washington, D. C. — Before a House committee Banker A. O. Crozier, of Wilmington, Del., offered to prove that the recent panic was brought on deliberately through a Wall Street plot.

Taft Headquarters Engaged.

Chicago.—Headquarters for the promotion of the candidacy of Secretary Taft for the Presidential nomination were engaged at the Great Northern Hotel here.

Fruit Jar Plant Resumes.

Marion, Ind.—The Marion Fruit Jar Factory, of Muncie, will resume operations as soon as possible. It has been closed since last May.

Killed Thief Who Made Gun Bluff.

Cincinnati. — Patrolman William Thoring shot and instantly killed Ben Smith on Liberty street. Thoring caught Smith in the act of stealing lead pipe and Smith made a bluff at drawing a pistol. The gun Smith made the threat to draw was a brass beer faucet, it was discovered after his death.

Army Pay Increase Assured.

Washington, D. C.—The Army is practically assured of an increase in pay. The conferees of the Senate and House have reached an agreement on this item.

$200,000 Fire at St. Catharine's.

St. Catharine's, Ontario.—The edge tool factory of Whitman-Barnes was burned. Loss, $200,000; insurance, $105,000.

Cyrus W. Cline For Congress.

Kendallville, Ind.—The Democrats of the Twelfth Congress District nominated Cyrus W. Cline for Congress on the first ballot.

Widow of Dan Rice Dead.

San Antonio, Tex.—Mrs. Marcella Rice, widow of "Dan" Rice, the famous circus clown, died in Santa Rose Hospital here of general debility.

No More Sunday Funerals.

Paterson, N. J.—According to an arrangement made between the coach drivers and liverymen there will be no more Sunday funerals in this city.

Named Andrew Johnson Cemetery.

Washington, D. C.—Secretary Taft ordered that the National Cemetery at Greenville, Tenn., be designated as "the Andrew Johnson National Cemetery," in honor of the former President.

Iron Mines Resume.

Lexington, Ky.—The Ross Run Iron Mines, in Bath County, owned by Alabama and Mississippi capitalist, have resumed work after a shutdown during the financial stringency.

Estates May Lose $300,000.

Boston.—It was announced by attorneys representing Henry H. Rogers, receiver for the estate of John Oakes Shaw, Jr., that the shortage in the estates of which he was trustee will exceed $300,000.

Asylum Physician Kills Himself.

Medfield, Mass.—Dr. Ralph Wilder, aged thirty, assistant physician at the Medfield Insane Asylum, committed suicide by shooting. Despondency over ill health is supposed to have been the cause.

Searchlight For Life Savers.

Sayville, N. Y.—The first searchlight for a Long Island life saving station was installed at Fire Island as a result of the recent stranding of vessels. After a test of the efficiency of this light all stations may be similarly equipped.

NEWS BY CABLE

EXPLAINS FAT MEN'S STRUT.

Paris, France.—"Why do fat men walk with a proud carriage, and, despite their joviality, often have a fierce look in the eye?" was the question discussed at length before the French Academy of Sciences by Professor Robinson, the eminent savant. He expounded a complicated and highly technical explanation showing that the repletion of the stomach has the effect of drawing up the diaphragm and shortening the base of the thorax, thus lengthening the waist. The mechanical effect of this is that the stout, well-fed man is forced to strut. "At the same time," he said, "a very stout person is inclined to have a fierce look in his eye because the socket in which the eyeball moves is encumbered with adipose tissue."

Australian Horses For Philippines.

Manila.—Major William Brown, of the Third Cavalry, has returned from Australia with 108 Australian remounts for the cavalry, making a total of 698 for the army bought in in six months. This is an experiment, to prove whether it will be possible to stop bringing American horses here. The Australians are smaller, supposedly hardier and better suited to the tropics than those now in use throughout the islands.

King Back in London.

London. — King Edward, who reached London on his return from Biarritz, held a Privy Council in Buckingham Palace, when the seals of office were transferred from the old to the new members of the Cabinet.

Germany Allows Cremation.

Berlin.—The Prussian Government is about to abolish the existing Ministerial ban against cremation. This subject has been under active discussion for about twenty years past.

Paris Strike Off.

Paris.—The Paris master masons called off the lockout of 15,000 of their employes, instructing them to return to work. About 150,000 men were involved in the disputes.

Russia to Buy Ships in England.

St. Petersburg.—The Admiralty, according to the Russ, has decided to order four 900-ton turbine destroyers from England.

Famous Frenchman Dead.

Paris. — Hartwig Derenbourg, French Orientalist and member of the Institute, died here at the age of sixty-four years.

Kissing Games Prohibited.

London.—The County Council has issued an ordinance forbidding children attending County Council schools to play games in which kissing forms a part. The head teachers are instructed to see that such games are discontinued. The reason for the prohibition is contained in a sentence of the ordinance reading: "On medical grounds the practice is considered undesirable."

Conversion of Miss Elkins.

Rome.—The King's consent to the marriage of the Duke of the Abruzzi and Miss Katharine Elkins was obtained conditionally upon Miss Elkins' conversion to Catholicism, which Mgr. Beccaria, the court chaplain, is now negotiating.

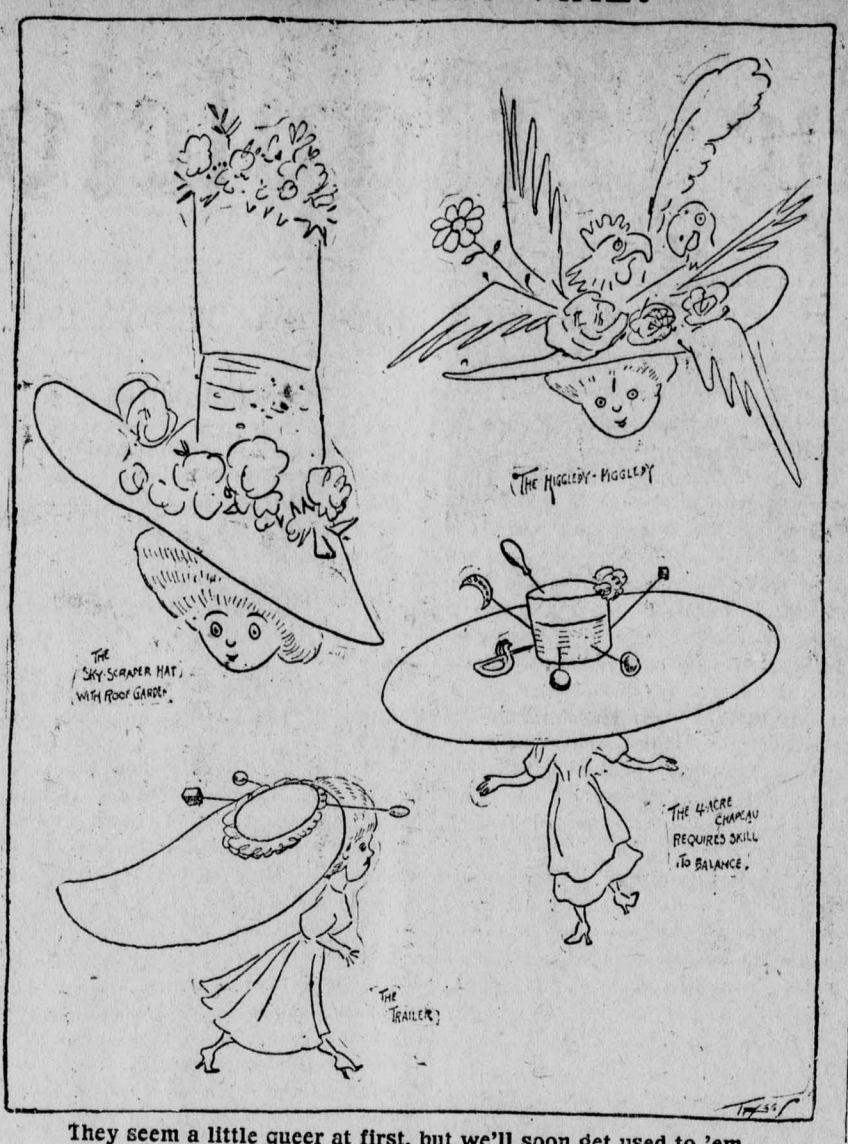
Brazil to Manufacture Rifles.

Rio Janeiro.—The Government approved the contracts with Krupp to purchase the material for the installation of a manufactory for ammunition and also for the manufacture of rifles.

To Touch at Halifax.

Bremen.—The North German Lloyd has decided to have some of the slower steamers in its New York service touch at Halifax.

HERE THEY ARE!



They seem a little queer at first, but we'll soon get used to 'em.
—Timely cartoon by Triggs, in the New York Press.

KNEW NO MAN TILL 29, THEN SHE WED THE FIRST

Miss Pratt, of "Women's Commonwealth," Was Reared in the Belief It Was a Sin to Marry---Belonged to Strange Sect Founded by a Woman Who Left Her Husband and Formed a Colony Who Saw No Men.

Philadelphia.—Back of the marriage of Miss Adah Pratt, of 1437 Irving street, Washington, to B. Franklin Hoover, of Philadelphia, lies a story of unusual romance.

Miss Pratt lived until she was twenty-nine years old without forming the acquaintance of a man. She was born and raised in a community of women taught to believe that marriage was a sin. She was bound by teaching and belief always to remain single. Then she married the first man to whom she ever had been introduced. She did more than half the courting herself.

Nearly thirty years ago, in Texas, where Mrs. Hoover's mother lived at the time, a Mrs. Martha McWhirter, of Waco, announced that she had had a visitation from the Almighty, and had been told that it was sinful to live with man. Accordingly, she left her husband and, gathering about her a small party of women followers, went to the little town of Belton and there established headquarters of the new creed.

It was called the Woman's Commonwealth. Its members were all well to do and self-supporting. Some were spinsters, some had been married and some had children. Mrs. Pratt was one of the converts of the religion, and, leaving her husband, she joined the colony where, two months afterward, the present Mrs. Hoover was born. There were ten children in the colony, all girls.

Ten years ago the "commonwealth" moved to Washington, taking up a farm of 172 acres in Montgomery County, Maryland, and a large house in the city. The children were taught to beware of men. They never were permitted to have acquaintances with any of them.

Of course they saw men. Mrs. Hoover says she often had noticed them. But she never paid attention to any of them until she met Hoover. This is the way she told her story:

"Five of the girls grew up," she said, "and then slipped away to be married. Of course they were regarded as sinners. I thought them bad. But about a year ago I went down town with a girl friend and she introduced me to Mr. Hoover.

"Somehow or other I could not get him out of my mind. I found myself wishing I might see him all the time. I knew it wasn't right; at least, I thought it wasn't. Later I met him down town again, and several times after that. Then he told me he was going to leave the city and asked me to write. I told him I would."

From her story it seems that Hoover, who is a hotel clerk, went to Chicago, then came to Philadelphia, and wrote his intention to Miss Pratt in Washington.

"I was crazy to see him," she admitted, "and decided to risk the fear of my mother's displeasure. So I slipped quietly out of the house in Washington and came here. When I found Mr. Hoover he was greatly surprised.

"'Why, Adah, have you come up here to marry me?' he asked.

"'I don't know that I thought much about that,' I replied, 'I just felt I had to see you again.'

"'Well, will you marry me?' he asked. It took me by surprise, although I was not wholly unprepared for it.

"'I'm willing,' I said finally.

"'Right away?' he asked. This was so sudden it took my breath away.

"'Can't you wait until to-morrow night?' I asked him, and he said he would.'"

The ceremony was performed by the Rev. J. B. G. Pidge, pastor of the Fourth Baptist Church, at the parsonage. The same evening the bride wrote to her mother, but has not received an answer as yet.

"I'm afraid she never will forgive me," she said. "She always was very strict with me. There are still three unmarried girls at the commonwealth. They are twenty-three, twenty-eight and thirty-three years old."

Mrs. Hoover is tall, of a striking figure and stylishly dressed. She has a wealth of chestnut hair, brown eyes and an expressive smile.

MEN TO BE ABOARD MONITOR FIRED AT BY BIG GUNS.

They Will Perch in a Tower High Enough to Minimize Danger From Cannon Balls.

Norfolk, Va.—The indications are that men will be aboard the monitor Florida when that vessel is made a target for the test of twelve-inch gun fire, two or three weeks hence. An observation tower, sixty or seventy feet above the main deck, is being constructed from the stern of the vessel.

There could be no use for such a tower, but to observe the effects of the fire. The tower will be large enough to contain several men. Their height from the deck will minimize the danger which they will run. It is possible that volunteer officers and men will man the tower. One of the twelve-inch guns has been taken from the turret of the monitor and a stub installed in its place. The stub will be fired at.

A heavy plate of armor has been installed between the other gun and the stub to prevent injury to the gun, and a bullet head has been constructed in the forward part of the vessel so that should it be struck at or below the water line the vessel will not sink.

BARS SISSY CHRISTIANS FROM Y. M. C. A. JOB.

Building Boss Discharges Them---Says Non-Believers Do Much More Work.

Los Angeles.—General Superintendent C. B. Weaver, who has charge of the construction work of the new Y. M. C. A. building here, has discharged all the Christians. He declares that non-Christians do 25 per cent. more work than the church members.

"There's not a Christian on the job as far as I know," said Weaver. "When I began I had some Christians, but they did not deliver the goods. I fired 'em. They were a sissy lot, and thought because they belonged to the church they should get the soft end of everything. I've hired fellows who make no profession and I'm getting twice as much work out of them."

Syrup of Figs and Elixir of Senna

acts gently yet promptly on the bowels, cleanses the system effectually, assists one in overcoming habitual constipation permanently. To get its beneficial effects buy the genuine.

Manufactured by the

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.

SOLD BY LEADING DRUGGISTS—50¢ per BOTTLE.

The market for Japanese beer is fast widening in North China, Korea and Manchuria.

FITS, St. Vitus' Dance, Nervous Diseases permanently cured by Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. $2 trial bottle and treatise free. Dr. H. R. Kline, Ld., 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

A rat recently caught at Gateshead-on-Tyne measured eighteen and one-half inches.

Animal Sounds.

Not only, writes a correspondent, are we particular as to the right word for expressing the sound of an animal, but, if the language of the sportsman of the middle ages had not been allowed to become obsolete, we should be equally rich in our directions. Thus, in mentioning companies of animals, we should speak of a pride of lions, a herd of deer (but a bevy of roes), a sloth of bears, and many others. When our quarry retired to rest, we should say that the hart was harbored, the buck lodged, the hare formed, and the rabbit set and so on.

These picturesque descriptive nouns were not confined to animals, but were also applied to human beings. A number of princes was a state, of hermits an observance, of porters a safeguard, of butlers a draught and of cooks a temperance; but while a company of harpers was a melody, one of pipers was a poverty, and, oddly enough, a skulk might be either a collection of thieves or friars.—London Chronicle.

Clever Danish Inventor.

Vladimar Poulsen, the Danish inventor, who is only thirty-eight years old, is the son of a judge in the High Criminal Court of Copenhagen. He has succeeded in making wireless telephone connection between Lyngby and Weisensee, a distance of 250 miles.

A motor vehicle purchased by the town of Tynemouth, England, can be used as a prison van, fire apparatus or ambulance.

COFFEE EYES

It Acts Slowly but Frequently Produces Blindness.

The curious effect of slow daily poisoning and the gradual building in of disease as a result, is shown in numbers of cases where the eyes are affected by coffee.

A case in point will illustrate:

A lady in Oswego, Mont., experienced a slow but sure disease settling upon her eyes in the form of increasing weakness and shooting pains with wavy, dancing lines of light, so vivid that nothing else could be seen for minutes at a time.

She says:

"This gradual failure of sight alarmed me and I naturally began a very earnest quest for the cause. About this time I was told that coffee poisoning sometimes took that form, and while I didn't believe that coffee was the cause of my trouble, I concluded to quit it and see.

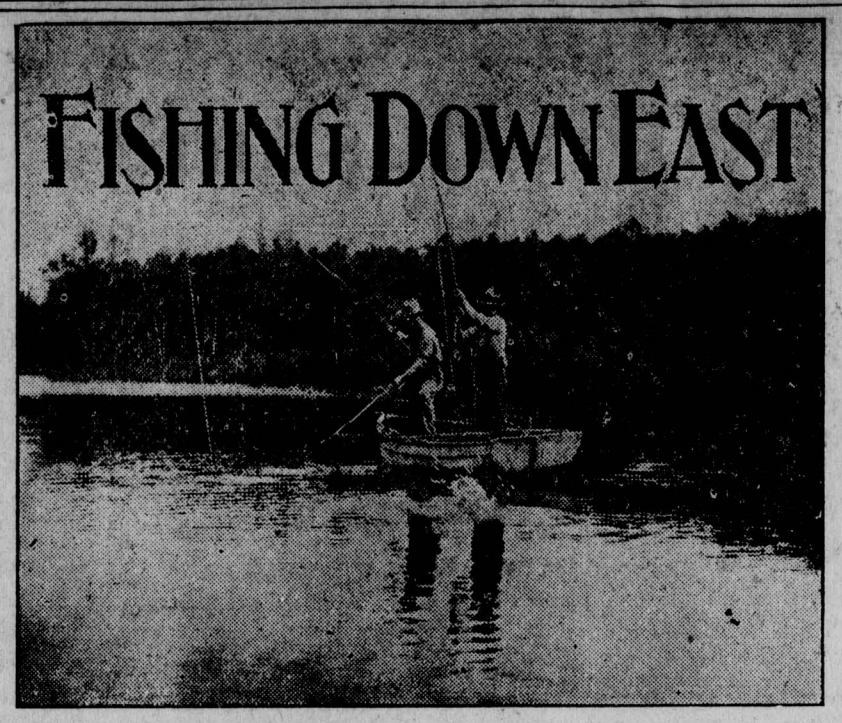
"I took up Postum Food Coffee in spite of the jokes of husband, whose experience with one cup at a neighbor's was unsatisfactory. Well, I made Postum strictly according to directions, boiling it a little longer, because of our high altitude. The result was charming. I have now used Postum in place of coffee for about three months and my eyes are well, never paining me or showing any weakness. I know to a certainty that the cause of the trouble was coffee and the cure was in quitting it and building up the nervous system on Postum, for that was absolutely the only change I made in diet and I took no medicine.

"My nursing baby has been kept in a perfectly healthy state since I have used Postum.

"Mr. ———, a friend, discarded coffee and took on Postum to see if he could be rid of his dyspepsia and frequent headaches. The change produced a most remarkable improvement quickly."

"There's a Reason." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich. Grape Nuts No. 1797.

FISHING DOWN EAST



The Wonderful Wilderness Country Whither Thousands Are Getting Ready to Travel With Rod and Camera This Spring--Inexhaustible Supplies of Trout and Salmon in the Maine and Canadian Regions--One Man's Record 13,000.

No outdoor pastime that takes the devotee away from home is so universally enjoyed as fishing. It is an exhilarating, care-destroying sport that is practiced practically from one end of the earth to the other; and in our own country hundreds of thousands who never indulge in any other form of outing and exercise religiously set aside at least a few days in the year for the enjoyment of this time-honored amusement.

Every section of the United States has its peculiar kind of fishing. In the Gulf of Mexico the mighty tarpon is king; in California waters the leaping tuna is the special quarry of the angler; along the Atlantic coast the bluefish tempts the skill and tries the patience of American citizens as illustrious as ex-President Cleveland; and nearly everywhere throughout the land some species of the most popular of all fresh water denizens, the trout, is found, and in many sections the lordly and much-prized salmon.

Nowhere on the continent, however, is there a most distinctively "fishing country" than in the State of Maine. New England as a whole, indeed, might well come under that designation, for the marvellously rich fishing country of the Pine Tree State is admirably supplemented with the lake and river-gemmed Commonwealths of New Hampshire and Vermont adjoining, while in New Brunswick, Quebec, Nova Scotia and other portions of the great Canadian wilderness contiguous, the opportunities for the angler are practically unlimited.

Even as this article is being written, a great host of fishermen (and not a few of them are of the fair sex), are quietly and eagerly making the necessary preparations for the annual descent upon the New England or Canadian wilderness, their brains on fire with visions of the "big fellows" they know are waiting for the cast of the fly or the trolling of the bait.

One can get ready for a fishing trip, even to the wilds of Maine, within a reasonably short space of time, but there are lots of Waltonites who prefer to devote weeks to those delicious preliminaries, because it adds just so much to the long drawn out sweetness of the "spring fishing fever."

Down in Maine the piscatorial season will be in full blast about the first of May, for it is about that time that the annual telegram which gives to thousands of Americans such an electric shock—"the ice is out."—finds its way into the newspapers of the coun-

From the Rangeley Region.

try, or is displayed on straw-colored blanks in the windows of railroad ticket offices.

And the railroads! How much they have done not only to popularize the sport of fishing, but to make it so easy a pastime, that even frail women may now journey into "the heart of the ancient wood" and have just as good a time, and just as good sport, as their husbands and brothers, without the least bit of discomfort.

Some of the perennial fishermen have "records" of catches that are nothing less than astounding. There is one authentic case of a gentleman who in thirty-four years, each year accompanied by the same guide, has taken from the waters of the Rangeley region no less than 13,000 trout. Many of these, of course, have been returned to their natives element, on account of smallness of size, but think of sitting before one's open fire on a stormy evening in December and recalling the capture of 13,000 fish, with their accompanying train of exciting or romantic incidents!

If any one should inquire what part of Maine is the best fishing ground, the answer might both truthfully and logically be, "any old part of the State." Watered, as it is, by such long and sinuous rivers as the Kennebec, the Penobscot, the Allagash, the Fish and the St. John, and gemmed all over its smiling surface with hundreds of water-sheets ranging in size from forty-mile-long

Five Trout Weighing 12 Pounds.

Moosehead Lake down to the most diminutive of ponds, Maine could scarcely be anything but a fishing country of highest repute.

Its lakes and streams, naturally prolific of the finny tribe, are kept so well stocked by the fish and game authorities that, to all intents and purposes, they are practically inexhaustible. For the thousands of trout, togue, bass, pickerel and other game fish that are taken from the waters of Maine every year by the great invading army of rod-bearers, hundreds of thousands of "fry" are carefully put into those same waters by the employes of the fish commission. This is one reason why the fishing is always good "down in Maine." Business panics and waves of prosperity may play tag up and down the spinal column of the body politic as they will, but the fishing goes on in the lakes and streams of Maine with the regularity of Tennyson's brook, and every resort in the State is "the best," if the word of its regular habitues is to be taken at par.

The "fishing fever," like the grippe, is no respector of persons. One of the most ardent enthusiasts of the sport, and a regular victim of the "spring fever," is a noted United States Senator, who has a famous camp at the Rangeleys. Doctors, lawyers and Indian chiefs (the latter usually in the guise of professional guides), captains of industry, Wall Street bankers, merchant princes, gentlemen of leisure, bookkeepers, railroad officials, journalists and about every other profession and calling represented in this strenuous American life of ours, are found upon this outdoor roll of honor, some of them gliding in from the windy west in palatial private cars, the six-pound trout which they land, almost from the platform of their Pullman, being later done to a turn by a high priced chef of ebon hue.

Outfits may be secured or completed in Boston, the great gateway to the New England fishing, hunting and vacation country, or in Portland or Bangor.

FROM SUNNY ORANGE GROVES.

The Twice-Told Experience of a San Bernardino, Calif., Man.

From Sunny San Bernardino, in the midst of orange groves, writes Lionel M. Heath, of 158 Eighth Street: "For fifteen years I suffered with pains in my back, frequent calls to pass the secretions, dropsy, rheumatic aches and other symptoms of kidney trouble. I could get no relief until I used Doan's Kidney Pills. They cured me five years ago, and this is twice I have publicly said so. The cure was thorough."

Sold by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

VIENNA'S LOAN.

She is Now One of Europe's Most Indebted Cities.

With a new municipal loan of fifteen millions sterling Vienna becomes one of the most heavily indebted municipalities in Europe. Notwithstanding this, the project of the Burgomaster, Dr. Lueger, was approved by the City Council and Provincial Diet, whose consent is necessary for the loan, almost without debate, so that it is now necessary that it should be put on the market as soon as the financial situation has improved. The loan will be spread over a term of ninety years, and interest will be at the rate of four per cent. By far the greater part of the sum will be absorbed by the municipal ownership undertakings, of which Vienna has so large and varied a number. Electric lighting will take three and a half millions; tramways, two and three-quarters; gas, a million and a quarter; a municipal brewery, half a million; a cemetery, £200,000, chiefly for the building of an immense church; a municipal funeral undertaking, £100,000, and meat and provision markets, slaughter houses, storehouses, with, probably, municipal coal depots, which are now under discussion, a million and a quarter more. Ten millions are thus disposed of. The remaining five millions will be used for completing a new aqueduct, paving, scavenging, removing old buildings and erecting new ones, parks, gardens, a jubilee hospital, a technical museum and miscellaneous purposes. It is announced that the Diet of Lower Austria also intends to borrow a very considerable sum of money, and as Vienna's proportion of taxation in the province amounts to eighty per cent., the citizens will have to provide for this new impost in addition to their own fifteen millions loan.—Engineer.

Pugnacity of Rats.

A glove manufacturer took from a cabinet a handsome pair of brown gloves. "These gloves are made of ratskin," he said. "They look well at first glance, but examine them carefully. Look into the skin". The skin, though soft and fine, revealed on close examination a great many cuts and scars and scratches. None of these went quite through. Nevertheless their effect was to weaken the gloves greatly. "Those cuts and scars," said the manufacturer, "are what bar ratskin out of glovemaking. You never get skin without them; hence you can't turn the damaged skin into a good glove. Rats fight so much that they become at an early age a mass of scars. Their torn hides are of no use to commerce."

Garfield Tea is a natural laxative—it regulates the digestion, purifies the blood, cleanses the system, clears the complexion, brightens the eyes and brings the glow of splendid Health!

Race horses often wear aluminum shoes.

Itch cured in 30 minutes by Woolford's Sanitary Lotion. Never fails. At druggists.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, 25c a bottle

One million dollars was made by the inventor of the gimlet-pointed screw.

Paxtine

TOILET ANTISEPTIC

Keeps the breath, teeth, mouth and body antiseptically clean and free from unhealthy germ-life and disagreeable odors, which water, soap and tooth preparations alone cannot do. A germicidal, disinfecting and deodorizing toilet requisite of exceptional excellence and economy. Invaluable for inflamed eyes, throat and nasal and uterine catarrh. At drug and toilet stores, 50 cents, or by mail postpaid.

Large Trial Sample

WITH "HEALTH AND BEAUTY" BOOK SENT FREE

THE PAXTON TOILET CO., Boston, Mass.

Have Learned Lesson.

Widows are attractive because the game of matrimony has proven to them that amiability and kindness are the only cards that win.

A CURE AT CITY MISSION.

Awful Case of Scabies—Body a Mass of Sores from Scratching—Her Tortures Yield to Cuticura.

"A young woman came to our city mission in a most awful condition physically. Our doctor examined her and told us that she had scabies (the itch), incipient paresis, rheumatism, etc., brought on from exposure. Her poor body was a mass of sores from scratching and she was not able to retain solid food. We worked hard over her for seven weeks but we could see little improvement. One day I bought a cake of Cuticura Soap and a bottle of Cuticura Resolvent, and we bathed our patient well and gave her a full dose of the Resolvent. She slept better that night and the next day I got a box of Cuticura Ointment. In five weeks this young woman was able to look for a position, and she is now strong and well. Laura Jane Bates, 85 Fifth Ave., New York, N. Y., Mar. 11, 1907."

Breaking It Gently.

"Pardon me, sir," began the portly person in the railroad train to the man who sat next to him, "but what would you say if I sat on your hat?"

"Suppose you sit on it and then ask me," suggested the other.

"I did," admitted the portly person, calmly.—Harper's Weekly.

There is more Catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years doctors pronounced it a local disease and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Science has proven Catarrh to be a constitutional disease, and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is the only constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally in doses from 10 drops to a teaspoonful. It acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials. Address F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, Ohio.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

A Good Point.

The critic is often hard put as he stands between the work he is asked to pass judgment upon and its complaisant creator. He cannot always get off so well as did the critic mentioned in the Baltimore American.

"There are some consistent features of nature in this rural landscape," he said, as he scrutinized the picture.

"What are they?" asked the anxious artist.

"The brow of the hill, which, I see, is placed above the mouth of the stream," was the illuminating answer.

THE COME AND SEE SIGN

This sign is permanently attached to the front of the main building of the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Company, Lynn, Mass.

What Does This Sign Mean?

It means that public inspection of the Laboratory and methods of doing business is honestly desired. It means that there is nothing about the business which is not "open and above-board."

It means that a permanent invitation is extended to anyone to come and verify any and all statements made in the advertisements of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Is it a purely vegetable compound made from roots and herbs — without drugs?

Come and See.

Do the women of America continually use as much of it as we are told?

Come and See.

Was there ever such a person as Lydia E. Pinkham, and is there any Mrs. Pinkham now to whom sick woman are asked to write?

Come and See.

Is the vast private correspondence with sick women conducted by women only, and are the letters kept strictly confidential?

Come and See.

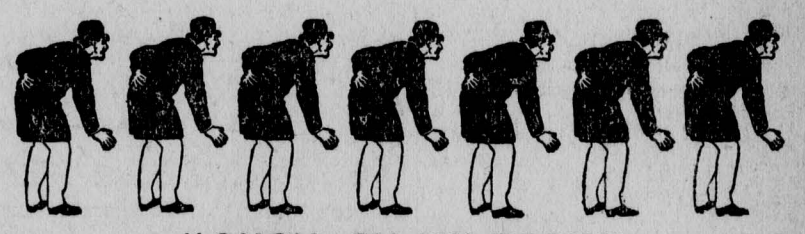
Have they really got letters from over one million, one hundred thousand women correspondents?

Come and See.

Have they proof that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has cured thousands of these women?

Come and See.

This advertisement is only for doubters. The great army of women who know from their own personal experience that no medicine in the world equals Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound for female ills will still go on using and being benefited by it; but the poor doubting, suffering woman must, for her own sake, be taught confidence, for she also might just as well regain her health.



"OUCH, OH MY BACK"

NEURALGIA, STITCHES, LAMENESS, CRAMP
TWINGES, TWITCHES FROM WET OR DAMP
ALL BRUISES, SPRAINS, A WRENCH OR TWIST
THIS SOVEREIGN REMEDY THEY CAN'T RESIST

ST JACOBS OIL

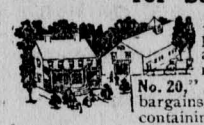
PRICE 25c AND 50c

Venison Once Cheaper Than Pork.

Time was, along in the early forties and the early fifties of the last century, that from the wilds of Morgan and Brown Counties hunters would bring venison to market and sell it much lower than pork was sold in that day, pork being preferred by the Hoosier then to the red deer of the woods. It was in that time that an entire wild turkey, full grown, would sell at a price far below the present appraisement of a scrawny spring chicken, and a dozen quail could be bought for less money than it now takes to buy a dozen links of sausage—neither was the quail required to masquerade as "short-billed snipe."—Indianapolis News.

There are 12,147 Chinese in New York City. N.Y.—17

6000 Money-Making Farms for Sale in 14 States



An endless variety in size, price and purpose; stock and tools included with many. "Strout's Catalogue No. 20," our new 216-page book of bargains, profusely illustrated, containing State Maps, reliable information of farming localities and traveling instructions to see properties, mailed FREE, if you mention this paper. *We pay railroad fares.*

E. A. STROUT CO., 150 Nassau St., N.Y.City.

Mother Gray, Nurse in Children's Home, New York City.

MOTHER GRAY'S SWEET POWDERS FOR CHILDREN,

A Certain Cure for Feverishness, Constipation, Headache, Stomach Troubles, Teething Disorders, and Destroy Worms. They Break up Colds in 24 hours. At all Druggists, 25 cts. Sample mailed FREE. Address, A. S. OLMSTED, Le Roy, N.Y.

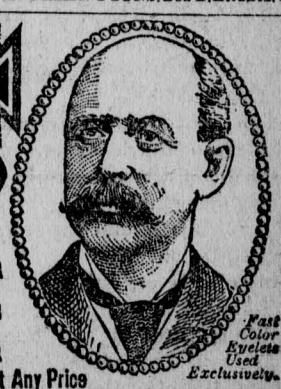
DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY; gives quick relief and cures worst cases. Book of testimonials & 10 days' treatment Free. Dr. H. H. GREEN'S SONS, Box B, Atlanta, Ga.

W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES

$3.00 $3.50

SHOES AT ALL PRICES, FOR EVERY MEMBER OF THE FAMILY, MEN, BOYS, WOMEN, MISSES AND CHILDREN.

W. L. Douglas makes and sells more men's $2.50, $3.00 and $3.50 shoes than any other manufacturer in the world, because they hold their shape, fit better, wear longer, and are of greater value than any other shoes in the world to-day.



Fast Color Eyelets Used Exclusively.

W. L. Douglas $4 and $5 Gilt Edge Shoes Cannot Be Equalled At Any Price

CAUTION. W. L. Douglas name and price is stamped on bottom. Take No Substitute. Sold by the best shoe dealers everywhere. Shoes mailed from factory to any part of the world. Illustrated Catalog free to any address. W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

PUTNAM FADELESS DYES

Color more goods brighter and faster colors than any other dye. One 10c [illegible] colors all fibers. They dye in cold water better than any other dye. You can dye any garment without ripping apart. Write for free booklet [illegible], Bleach and Mix Colors. MONROE DRUG CO., Quincy, Illinois.

The Mapleton Item

I. N. SWOPE. Editor and Owner.
L. L. PARKER, Publisher.

THE ITEM WILL BE PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY AT THE FOLLOWING RATES IN ADVANCE:

ONE YEAR.....$1.00
SIX MONTHS.....50
THREE MONTHS.....25

Entered at the Post Office at Mapleton Depot, Pa. as second-class matter.

BEECH RUN.

John P. Querry made a business trip to Huntingdon one day last week.

Last Sunday being Easter, many eggs were consumed in our community.

Roy Bair and wife, of Mapleton, spent Sunday with Jesse E. Querry and family.

Miss Retta Lynn and Miss Estella Dell called on friends in Querry Hollow last Sunday.

A. L. Querry has purchased a fine mule and will engage extensively in farming this summer.

Rudy Anderson, accompanied by Miss Carrie Bowman, of Latta Grove, spent Sunday with his mother, Martha Shaffer.

Gilbert Querry and wife, accompanied by the former's brother Ira, spent Sunday with Mrs. Querry's mother, Mrs. Lavina Dell, at Latta Grove.

Rev. Bellus president of the M. P. conference, will preach at Beech Run chapel Thursday evening, 23rd inst, at 7.30 o'clock. A large turnout is looked for.

Solomon Shaffer and Calvin Querry opened the season of snake stories last week. The boys claim they killed a blowing viper which measured over five feet in length. We trust there are no more such snake (stories) in this section.

CASSVILLE.

Miss Jennie Moyer is visiting friends in New York and Philadelphia

Henry Monihen, who has been suffering with rheumatism, is but little better at this time.

Mrs. Hilda Harbaugh and children, and her sister, spent Sunday with the Misses Horton.

Our people were called out to fight fire last week, as Sideling hill somewhat resembled Vesuvius. The flames roared and spread among the big pines, but were at last overcome.

The Easter service in the Methodist church was full of interest. A large audience was present. The church was beautifully decorated with green vines and yellow daffodills. "The Palms", by Mrs. Heaton, organist, came first. The children recited nicely. Mary Hyssong sang "The Holy City". A dialogue by Gertrude Long, Irma Monihen, Edith and Delma Cornelius was one of the best numbers. George Reeser sang "The Easter Bells" in a pleasing manner. Rev. Reeser gave an address and a generous offering was given for missions.

LATTA GROVE.

Samuel Bowman is on the sick list.

Sumpter Dickison will clerk for J. H. Stever this summer.

G. D. Lynn is making some improvements on Raspberry hill.

Wesley Dell is making some improvements to his property at Barneytown.

Charley Crotsley, of Knightsville, spent Saturday night and Sunday near Latta Grove.

Gilbert Querry and family, of Stony Point, spent Sunday with Mrs. Querry's mother.

Mrs. May Long, clerk for Shapiro Bros at Mapleton, Sundayed with her parents at this place.

The members of W. C. No. 662 intend holding a banquet on May the 9 for their wives and sweethearts.

Mrs. Fannie Dickison, who has been keeping house for James Barnes, left Monday for Mapleton where she will be head cook at the Clairndon Hotel.

TODD.

The Easter services held at the Bethel were a success.

Mrs. Lillie Cooper spent Easter at her parental home.

Miss Ethel Cramer is sojourning among friends at Saxton.

France Evans, who has been sick, is slowly improving.

The farmers are busy preparing their oats and corn ground.

Miss Clara Heeter, of Lewistown came home to spend a week.

Zeno Heeter and family visited friends near Saltillo over Sunday.

Some of our young people were home from school to spend Easter.

Meade, son of Herman David, met with an accident last week. He had his shoulder dislocated by falling off a wagon.

John Griffith, of Morrison's Cove, visited his parents recently.

Marriaee Licenses.

I. N. Cook and Pearl L. Leeder, both of Tod township.

J. D. Crotsley, Mapleton, and Mary Wilson, Peru, W. Va.

Benj. A. Sechrist, Shirleysburg, and Mary G. Dell, Saltillo.

William Lemin, Tod township, and Mabel Rodgers, Shirleysburg.

Alva Smith, Carbon township, and R. Lelphi Bollinger, Dudley.

Albert L. Snyder and Ettie Anderson, both of Mt. Union.

Rudolph K. Styer, Ralphton, Somerset, Co. and Mary Ellen Gray, Huntingdon.

Scott Cline, Altoona, and Naomi Cutshall, Springfield township.

William Warnice Pyles, Shade Gap, and Lodema Chloe Free, Decorum.

Herbert J. Crawford, Granville, and Clarissa M. Miller, Longfellow.

Charley Hall and Bessie Kephart, both of Huntingdon.

N. Cuthsall, Springfield township, and Rachel Dolan, Dudley.

J. A. Hess, Coalmont, and Verna E. Wilkins, Dudley.

Charles C. Rosebaugh and Mary E. Mc Mahon, both of Alexandria.

What's Wrong with Huston?

He is FULL again

Full of bargaing and he wants to sober up by unloading these bargains in the homes of people who want to save money. Our new Spring goods are nearly all here, and the prices are new too. When we say we can save you money we know we can do it, for we found many goods lower than they have been for several years.

Dry Goods

Every woman in the land will welcome the good news that muslins, lawns, ginghams and calicoes are lower. We quote you a few of our prices:

Toweling.....3c yard
Unbleached Muslin.....6c last year 8c "
" " .....8c " " 10c "
Bleached Muslin.....6c " " 8c "
" " .....8c " " 10c "
" " .....9c " " 12c "
Calico as low as 4c yd. Lancaster apron gingham 7c yd.

Groceries

You may not be able to get as many of Uncle Sam's dollars this year as last but you won't need as many if you trade here.

4 lb 8c prunes for 25c. 5 lb nice rice for 25c.
Lima beans 7c lb. Oyster crackers 6c lb.
Granulated sugar 5c lb—not over 100 lbs to a customer.
Nice large fish 50 pail. Fish by the pound 5c lb.
Oil by the gallon.....12c
Orbisonia flour.....$1.20 per sack
Loose coffee.....10c pound

SHOES

Shoes have been too high but we secured big bargains in this line, and it will pay you to look at our before buying. Boys' Satin Calf shoes $1.10, were $1.30; Boys' "Will Wear" shoes $1.40, were $1.75; Men's Buckle Plow shoes $1.25, were $1.50; Men's Lace Plow shoes $1.25, were $1.50; Men's "Never Fail" shoes only $1.25 a pair; Childrens' shoes run 10 to 25 cenrs a pair lower than last year. Our "Worthmere" shoe for women is well named, as they are worth more than $1.30, the price we are offering this elegant dress shoe for. This will be a great Oxford season if we can judge by the way they are selling already.

Clothing

How about a new stylish suit for yourself or for that boy of yours. We are prepared to fit you out at very low prices, in fact we can give you better values than ever before. Boys knee pants suits.....$1.34 to $4.50
Youths' long pants suits.....$3.00 to $8.00
Mens' Nobby suits.....$3.50 to $15.00
When you can buy a suit for $3.50 like the one we offer, you should be ashamed to wear the old one any longer.

Miscellaneous

Table Oil Cloth.....16c yard
Window Shades.....9c each
Oil Window Shades.....25c, worth 30c
Ingrain Carpet.....36c and 40c yard
Good Rag Carpet.....50c yard
Linoleum.....45c sq. yard
Wall Paper.....4c single bolt
Matting.....12, 15, 17 and 25c yard

Yours for Business

Harry E. Huston

SALTILLO, PA.

Sports—Sports—Sports.

Clean, crisp, accurate and reliable is the verdict of the majority who read the news of sports published from day to day in "The Philadelphia Press."

If you desire to keep reliably informed regarding the sports you are most interested in to-day, to-morrow, everyday. "The Press" sporting page delivers the goods. For sale by newsdealers, carriers and boys nearly everywhere.

MY LADY'S LID.

My scat!
Where did she get that hat?
Who ever did
Invent a lady's lid
Like that?
Who had the nerve to roll it out
And stretch it more and more,
From centrepiece to rim, until
It spreads from shore to shore,
And likewise lifts its summit up,
On bird's and other wings,
Above the earth until it scrapes
The clouds and other things?
Who added to the wonderous width
Of brim, so that the space
Could easily accomodate
An automobile race?
Say, who done that?
Who built her hat?
Who made it something never seen
On earth or in the sky,
A flat of wide extended plain,
A mountain towering high?
Cut wider doors for her to get
Inside of any place,
And put the ceiling on the roof
To give her nodding space.
Push up the clouds to let her stand
Erect upon the ground,
And shove the wide horizon back
To let her turn around.
Oh, wierdly, witching, woozy hat
That flattens out and towers—
Who ever saw a thing like that—
A pancake piled with flowers?
A hat contagious—spreading? Yes,
That names the Merry Wid.;
And she who fails to catch it should
Slip out and change her lid.
Gee whiz!
What a wonder woman is!
And my scat!
Where DID she get that hat?

—W. J. LAMPTON in New York World.

The kidneys are delicate and sensitive organs and are very likely at any time to get out of order. DeWitt's Kidney and Bladder Pills are prompt and thorough and will in a very short time strengthen the weakened kidneys and allay all troubles arising from inflammation of the bladder. Sold by Wright & Dell.

Woman's Home Companion for May.

Herman Pfeifer's beautiful prize cover gives much distinction to the May WOMAN'S HOME COMPANION. Another notable art feature of this magazine is a full-page reproduction of William Balfour Ker's painting, "Memories." An aged Civil War veteran is carrying his company's colors in a Decoration Day parade, his eyes almost closed in reverie. Behind him crowd the vague, shadowy forms of the gallant youths who followed the colors with him nearly half a century ago.

Dr. Edward Everett Hale gives some good advice to young married folk. In "Are We Ready for Our Children?" Christine Terhune Herrick approaches the problem of the child in the family from an actually new point of view. "Europe on Five Dollars a Day" is the first of a series of articles on the best way to travel abroad. Every person who is married or hopes to marry will enjoy greatly the hot discussion on the marriage question, under the title "Is Their a Panic in the Marriage Market?"

Mrs. Sangster talks to the American woman of her duties in entertaining her friends. The Summer Fashions, the Dressmaking Lessons, the Making of Lingerie Waists, are found in Grace Margaret Gould's Fashion Department. The other departments contain: "What to do With the Garden in May;" recipes for twenty different kinds of salads by Fannie Merritt Farmer; review of books; The Exchange, with its dozens of practical suggestions, and Sam Loyd's Puzzle Page.

The May issue is rich in fiction—"Dog-in-the-Manger," "A Heart Specialist," "Pancake Neighbors," "The Gentle Highwayman," are titles which will give some idea of the entertainment this magazine contains.

To have perfect health we must have perfect digestion, and it is very important not to permit of any delay the moment the stomach feels out of order. Take something at once that you know will promptly and unfailingly assist digestion. There is nothing better than Kodol for dyspepsia, indigestion, sour stomach, belching of gas and nervous headache. Kodol is a natural digestant, and will digest what you eat. Sold by Wright & Dell.

Receiver's Sale

OF VALUABLE

REAL ESTATE!

The undersigned receiver of the Swope-Gayton Quarry Company will expose to sale on

Friday, May 8th, 1908,

At One O'clock P. M.

upon the premises in Brady township, on north side of river from Mapleton, in accordance with a decree of the Court of Common Pleas of Huntingdon county made on the 21st day of June, A. D., 1907, and a supplemental decree made March 3, 1908, all of the following described real estate of the Swope-Gayton Quarry Company.

Begining at a stone heap, the common corner of lands of Swope, Kauffman, Gayton, Harbison-Walker Company and lands of the Pennsylvania Glass Sand Company; thence by lands of the Pennsylvania Glass Sand Company thirty-nine (39) degrees west forty-four (44) perches to a point where a sycamore stood (now an iron pin) on the eastern bank of the Pennsylvania Canal; thence along the eastern bank of the said canal to a point on the line of land of the Harbison-Walker Company, opposite the north-eastern abutment of the Mapleton bridge over the Juniata river; thence by lands of Harbison-Walker Company north nineteen (19) degrees thirty (30) minutes east sixty-two and eight-tenths (62.8) perches to stones; thence by same north four (4) degrees twenty (20) minutes east thirty-one and three-tenths (31.3) perches to the place of beginning,

Containing Eight Acres,

more or less, together with

All Machinery and Fixtures

belonging to the manufacturing plant and all the rights and franchises, of the said corporation.

The real estate above described containing large quantities of cement rock, which the said Swope-Gayton Quarry Company have been using for the manufacture of cement blocks for building purposes and also manufacturing from stone upon said lands ballast for railroad purposes.

The plant is located near the line of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company and has a side track to the works.

TERMS OF SALE—10 per cent of the purchase money to be paid when the property is knocked down, 40 per cent. when the sale is confirmed by the Court and deed delivered, and the remaining 50 per cent. to be paid in one year thereafter with interest to be secured by bond and mortgage of the purchaser. Leave is granted the receiver by the Court to accept in cash all the purchase money if the purchaser or purchasers thereof desire to pay the entire purchase money in cash. According to the decree of the Court the sale of this property will be made discharged of all liens and incumbrances, so that the purchaser thereof will take a good title thereto.

H. H. Waite, Attorney. B. F. GODARD, Receiver.

LIST OF CAUSES FOR TRIAL

MAY TERM, 1908.

First Week, Second Monday, 11th Day.

The Samuel Ach Co. vs. D. R. P. Enyeart.
L. M. Neyens vs. Lewis E. Port.
L. M. Neyens vs. Lewis E. Port.
L. M. Neyens vs. Lewis E. Port.
Ontario Drill Company vs. Cloyd Cummins.
George L. Smith vs. Ross W. Quarry. James D Quarry.
J. E. Wier vs. E. C. Fritchey.
J. E. Wier vs. E. C. Fritchey.
James M. Thompson vs Dr. J. F. Trexler, John L. Trexler, and H. P. Reynolds, lately trading and doing business as Trexler Bros. & Co.
J. D. Humes vs. Dr J. F. Trexler, J. L. Trexler, and H. P. Reynolds, lately trading and doing business as Trexler Bros. & Co.
F. L. Wallace vs. Dr. J. F. Trexler, J. L. Trexler, and H. P. Reynolds, lately trading and doing business as Trexler Bros. & Co.
International Text Book Co. vs. J. C. Laird.
Lewis Hostetter vs. C. H. Speck.
Dr. Jos. Haas Remedy Co. vs. Juniata Lumber Co.
H. J. McAteer vs. L. E. Port.
Adam Stouffer vs. Theodore Jackson.

Second Week, Third Monday, 18th Day.

John F. Trexler and John Trexler vs. J. Murray Africa and John Edleblute.
Henry Kyper and A. S. Welch vs. W. T. Shaffer, Henry Shue and James King.
J. F. Trexler and J. L. Trexler vs. H. P. Reynol s.
H. P. Reynolds vs. J. F. Trexler and J. L. Trexler trading and doing business as Trexler Bros. & Co.
Dick N. Moore doing business as The Columbus Food Co vs John M. Bush.
A. D. Potts vs. Clark Grazier.
Andrew Forsey vs. E. P. Gates.
William Arnd vs. E. P. Shade.
Reuben Rudy vs. James L. Keller.
John W. Kean vs. D. Cameron Park.
Martha Bell Vaughn vs. Salina S. Book.
Jesse Chilcott vs. Juniata Light and Power Co., and The Wilson Electric Co.
J. C. Mierley vs. Juniata Light and Power Co., and The Wilson Electric Co.
Charles A. Vuille vs. The Penna. Railroad Co.
R. W. Jacobs vs. H. Clay Chisolm.
T. G. Crownover vs. John S. White and E. F. Spencer trading and doing business as White and Spencer.
Geo. W. Bales vs. Mrs. Callie Dysart, Samuel Smiley and William Lytle.
J. G. Boyer and S. H. Boyer, for use of Chas. H. Boyer, vs. C. Hessen Boyer.
George S. Grove vs. Huntingdon & B. T. Mountain Railroad and Coal Co.
Sarah J. Green vs. Geo. W. Taylor.
Eliza H. Green vs. Geo. W. Simpson.

The Mapleton Item.

Mapleton Depot, Pa., April 22, 1908.

UNION NATIONAL BANK

OF HUNTINGDON.

Cor. 5th and Penn Sts.

K. ALLEN LOVELL, President

J. C. HAZLETT, Vice President.

R. J. MATTERN, Cashier

DIRECTORS.

K. A. Lovell, J. C. Hazlett, John White, R. J Mattern, Thomas E. Africa, John Langdon and J. F. Schock.

Regular Discount Day—WEDNESDAY.

Deposits received subject to check. Collections made in all parts of the world, and a regular banking business transacted. Accounts with corporations, firms, individuals, and the business public generally, opened on most favorable terms B13z.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK

MOUNT UNION, PA

Officers

A. B. Gillam, President.
T. A. Appleby, Vice President.
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Directors:

A. B. Gillam, T. A. Appleby, C. B. Bush, M. D., Frank O'Connor, C. B. Crum, R. B. Campbell, W. G. Ewing, M. W. Isenberg, W. J. Campbell, M. D.

Household individual banks furnished on application.

A general banking business done.

Interest allowed on time deposits.

Drafts issued on the principal commercial cities.

Absolute safety of investment and courteous treatment of patrons are assured to the public, whose patronage is respectfully invited.

WANTED—2,000 Cords Paper wood. I will pay the highest cash market price for all kinds of paper wood delivered on wharf at Mapleton also extract wood, Rock Oak and Chestnut. Prompt cash, payment as fast as wood is loaded, F. O. B. cars here. For furteer nformation, plerse writh me.

B. F. Baker.

Mapleton Depot, April 15, 1907. 4t

CALLED DOWN AT WIFE'S FUNERAL.

Berks County (Pa.) Man Has Pastor Arraigned For Berating Him in Obituary Remarks.

The Rev. Marvin H. Stettler; one of the best known clergymen in the Pennsylvania Lutheran ministerium, was recently arrested on charges preferred by Jeremiah Werner of Mohrsville, Pa. This is the sequel to the funeral of Mrs. Werner in St. John's Lutheran church, in that

Mr. Stettler preached the funeral sermon, during which, Werner charges, he made remarks in the pulpit berating him and referring to him as "a man with a heart of stone, showing no sign of grief." Mr. Werner alleges that the pastor followed this up with such remarks as these pointing his finger at him.

This man knocked his wife down, so that she fell to the floor, the week before she was taken ill.

"He did not furnish her with clothing and shoes fit to wear to church, and for that reason she did not frequent the house of the Lord as regularly and as often as the other sisters of the congregation.

"See him, as he sits unmoved, with no feeling, in the presence of the corpse of his helpmate."

He concluded by saying that there were other men in the congregation no better. Magistrate Miller issued the warrant for the pastor's arrest, and he gave $500 bail for a hearing on Easter Monday.

Mr. Stettler is pastor of St. Paul's Lutheran church and St. John's church, where the funeral sermon was delivered.

Werner is twenty-five years of age and his wife was twenty-three. He said that he wanted the case given the widest publicity, as he feels that he was unjustly abused.

MISCELLANEOUS

WANTED. DOCKED TIES—Will pay 20c each for sound ties that have been docked. H. O. Andrew, Mapleton Depot, Pa.
March 16th 4t.

FOR SALE—At a bargain, one first class work mule: one wagon, 3¾ steel skeins; one wagon, 3¼ metal skein; lot docked locust ties suitable for first class gate or fence posts. For further particulars inquire of K. W. MIERLEY, R. F. D. Mapleton Depot Pa.

LINEN MADE IN AMERICA.

An Invention That May Add Millions to the Revenue of the Farmers.

A Massachusetts inventor has perfected a process of transforming flax straw into fiber that promises to add millions to the revenue of the American farmer, and to make possible for the first time the manufacture of linen fiber in the United States.

By the laborious process followed abroad it takes from 16 to 36 weeks to transform flax straw into linen, says D. T Pierce in The World today. There is first the "retting" which, in Belgium, is done by weighting down the flax straw in pools of water exposed to the sun, until the wood is rotted away from the fiber. Then comes the "scutching" or beating of the dried straw. After this it is "hackled" by pulling the straw through the coarse teeth of combs for the purpose of removing snarls and tangles. The softening and bleaching processes number 25 after all this has been done, before the finished linen fabric is ready for market. Now comes Benjamin C. Mudge, of the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, with a combined mechanical and chemical proces that makes linen out of straw in 12 hours. In place of the European method, which consists very large of leaving the natural rotting process to accomplish the disintegration of straw. Mr. Mudge goes at this work by machinery until the raw flax fiber has been wrested from the flax stalk. Then the chemical process begins and I can testify from observation that, using three or four chemical baths, Mr. Mudge first degums, then bleaches softens, and in the end makes a glossy, white and exceedingly tough fiber out of what in the beginning looked like a mass of tangled horsehair.

The European method yields about 170 pounds of fiber from 1,000 pounds of straw and sacrifices the seed crop. The Mudge process secures 250 pounds of straw after the seed has been saved. It converts the "shive," wasted by the European method into a pulp of papermaking, and also saves the "tow."

Central Banking Co.

MOUNT UNION, PA.

T. H. ADAMS, President
W. T. BELL, Cashier

Discount Day—Wednesday

Stockholders Individually Liable.

BUSINESS CARDS.

Myron McClain,

FUNERAL DIRECTOR & EMBALMER,

CASSVILLE, PA.

Caskets always in stock for Personal selection. Charges reasonable. Prompt, efficient service. Phone—Coles Valley, Eagle Foundry, People's and Saltillo lines.

Wm. T. Webb.

CARPENTER & BUILDER

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Blueprints and specifications. Jobbing promptly attended to. Satisfaction guaranteed. Terms reasonable.

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Huntingdon, Pa.

All branches of the profession given careful attention. Telephone connection. 2-7-06

A. W. SWOPE

—JUSTICE OF THE PEACE.—

All business entrusted with him will receive proper attention.

Office on Main street.

WM. REED & SONS, HUNTINGDON, PA.

THE STORE WILL BE OPEN EVENINGS TILL EIGHT O'CLOCK UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE.

Spring Is Fairly Here

You Cannot Delay Longer Your Spring Buying. Why Should You?

You will find gathered here most comprehensive stocks in every line that we carry. We do not try to sell everything, but what we do carry is here in big, full variety so that any reasonable want may be satisfied. When it comes to qualities and prices we claim that equal qualities cannot be bought at lower prices anywhere.

THE GARMENT SECTION

on the Second Floor is full of helpful suggestions. Here is a whole floor filled with garments of the highest order ready to put on and wear.

THE SUITS for Spring and Summer wear are very handsome. Every few days we get new ones to keep the stock filled up. Prices run from $10 to $25 00.

THE CARPET STORE has never been so successful in its business as this Spring. Our "Special" Sales have given merchandise of the best quality at prices so satisfactory as to scatter the big rolls from one end of the county to the other.

Wm. Reed & Sons,
Huntingdon, Pa.

L. W. ZERBY, Jeweler,

SOLID GOLD RINGS,

Penn St., HUNTINGDON, PA.

60 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

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hone 102. Akers Building

503 Washington St., Huntingdon, Pa.

Careful attention given to every branch of the profession. Special attention to Crown and Bridge Work. For painless extraction, NITROUS OXIDE GAS or LOCAL ANESTHETICS administered.

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Pocket Ledgers 5c to 25c each at the Item Stationery Department

Special Doings in Hats, Ladies', Gents'

AND BOYS CLOTHING AT

CROWNOVER & ISENBERG'S,

HEADQUARTERS FOR GENERAL MERCHRNDISE, SALTILLO, PA.

In clothing for men, Youths and Boys our line is complete and up to date in every particular. In fine Blue Serges you cannot afford to miss seeing these goods before you buy; the prices are away down. They are exceptional values. We have 'em $10 to $12. See our newest styles of Gents' woven stripes and plaids. The price is $12. These are the newest designs the market can afford and the price is from $5 to $7 cheaper than you can buy them in a larger town. In Youths' and Boys' clothing we have them in all styles and prices that will surprise the most critical buyers. They are as low as good goods and workmanship will permit them. If you cannot be suited in stock we can have you measured and suit made to order and back to you in four days and at about the same price as you buy them out of stock. This is progress in the clothing Business.

A Few Words About Hats

This is practicly a new line to us and we have tried to get you the best at prices as low as the cheapest. In stiff hats we have the newest blocks shown on the market the prices are $1.50 to $2.50 each, In caps we have them for Gents' Youths and Boys; prices 10c to 50c each.

In straw hats we have a full line; prices 5c to $1.50. This line is very complete. See the 10c and 25c bargain counters in straw hats, caps and felt hats. Third floor.

Ladies Skirts and Waists

IN LADIES SKIRTS our line is complete. We have them from $1.25 to $8.00. IN LADIES WAISTS our lines are in good shape prices from 50c to $3.48. We have them in silk, net covered silk and lawns. Come in and see them. Second floor front.

SPring and Summer Footwear.

In shoes our Sprieg lines are about complete. Spring ann Summer oxfords are about all in stock and come up to our expectations in every particular. All prices.

In DRY GOODS, NOTIONS and GROCERIES space will not permit us to numerate all the specials in these lines but we urge you to call and see for yourself and be convinced that we are headquarters for General Mdse.

YOURS FOR BUSINESS,

CROWNOVER & ISENBERG,

Saltillo, Huntingdon County, Penna.

Wall Paper

Just received first shipment of Wall Paper ranging in price from 5 to 15 cts.

Also have samples from one of the largest Wall Paper houses in America.

Here you have over 1000 samples to select from.

A. M. PARKER,

Cor. Main and Sherman Sts., MAPLETON, PA.

Kodol

FOR INDIGESTION AND DYSPEPSIA.
RELIEVES SOUR STOMACH, BELCHING, ETC.

Guaranteed
To Give Satisfaction or Your Money Back.

If, after using two-thirds of a $1.00 bottle of Kodol, you can honestly say it has not benefited you, we will refund your money. Try Kodol today, on this guarantee. Fill out and sign the following, present it to the dealer at the time of purchase. If it fails to satisfy you, return the bottle containing one-third of the medicine to the dealer from whom you bought it, and we will refund your money.

Town _____ State _____
Sign here _____
CUT THIS OUT

E. C. DeWITT & COMPANY, CHICAGO, ILL.

SOLD BY WRIGHT & DELL.

THE CHOICEST CIGARS AND TOBACCO

On the market are the kinds from which our stock is selected. The following 5-cent brands speak for themselves: Dundreary, Buck, Square Deal, Wild Indian and Happy Sam. The well-known "El Galleo" brands of 10c. and 25c. cigars in stock. Popular and select brands of chewing and smoking tobacco. For pipe or cigarrette smoke Continental Cubes, Tuxedo and Old English Curve Cut.

McCorkle's Pool Parlor

Basement Floor, S. E. Corner Wright Building - - Mapleton, Penna.

THE PULPIT.

A BRILLIANT SUNDAY SERMON BY THE REV. J. A. HANSEN.

Theme: Small Man's Treasures.

Brooklyn, N. Y.—In the Central Baptist Church, Sunday, the pastor, the Rev. J. A. Hansen, had for his subject "A Small Man's Great Treasures." The text was taken from Luke 19:1-10. Mr. Hansen said:

We need not know much about some people to know all about them. Of Zaccheus we know just three things: He was chief among the publicans, he was rich and of small stature. These facts constitute the background of a very interesting picture, "A Genuine Conversion." As a chief publican he had bought the right to collect the Roman taxes. All the publicans were despised by the Jews, not only because they served the goats, but more so because they sheared the sheep. It was not only a matter of what Rome wanted, but what the publican could get. It was this taking of "the pound of flesh" that hurt and humbled the Jew and made him hate the publicans.

Thus allied with Rome and arraigned against the Jews by an unpopular and dishonest method, Zaccheus had grown wealthy. He was not only rich, but he was a rich publican. This not only said he had money, but told how it had been secured. It proved him what we would call a grafter, and a good one—more correctly, a bad one. His wealth was greater than his treasures; a man may be rich and not have much that belongs to himself. Zaccheus at least feared that some of his means belonged with the assets of others. What a shrinking and swelling of bank accounts there would be if all financial injustice were righted by the return of the amount multiplied by four.

The first treasure that came into the experience of Zaccheus was undoubtedly the gems of truth, which that day he discovered and found precious. A walk, a talk, a meal, Jesus a guest, and the man is changed—converted. A little man who could not see, could thank God, hear. Truly, faith came not by sight, but by hearing. And what did he hear? Millions of men have walked, talked and dined together without influencing each other. Of course, he had seen Jesus, but like another, "He had Him, now." Words of divine truth and sublime thought had flowed from His gracious lips. The "Water of Life" became a stream making fresh and fruitful the best where the worst had predominated.

What an ancient lesson for modern needs. The Christian worker of today has left the path of success because he seeks changes that will convert the man. Change the man and he will change his conditions. And yet here is an external force that blesses the soul. "Ye shall know the truth and the truth shall make you free." If the Son make you free, ye shall be free indeed. It was undoubtedly these two—personality and truth—that proved of inestimable value to Zeccheus.

The second treasure that he secured was light and sight together—they were created for each other. Again it was not seeing the great rabbi, but seeing himself that proved his great blessing. Self-sight is a thing to be prized and prayed for.

Oh, wad some power the giftie gie us;
To see ourselves as ithers see us.

We believe the light revealed Zaccheus that day to be small, not only in stature, but in character as well. As Achan, with his wedge of gold and Judas with his thirty pieces of silver shrink into men too small to be soldier and apostle, so Zaccheus is affected by his wealth. He happily becomes big enough to be willing to give away one-half and to restore as much as necessary. But he is small before the implied methods of its obtaining.

The lack of character is not only a want to be deplored, but littleness in this sense is the ground of great evils. A man of small body, small mind, small heart must be limited in his ability to do good; but the small character is unlimited in his possibilities of evil. He may be restrained by self-fear or interposed providence, yet the probabilities are he will be a withering and blighting curse. In making money the publican was constantly tempted to fleece both the rich and the poor. "Dishonesty" was his ability and "tricking" his trade. Herein lies the value of the truth acquired that day. Money secured at the price of the sorrows and sufferings of others is acquired at the cost of a blighted conscience and a lost soul. His contact with the good in life and thought in Jesus made him see himself and seek betterment. Herein lies the power of the Christ and the Christian.

Life is an opportunity. It is no virtue to be so small we will not enter doors. There are, of course, opportunities that any one worthy of the name of man will not embrace. A bigness to be coveted. There are also invitations of sin and solicitations of self that call for a smallness that is despicable. There are doors all about us and it is a fact of human existence that we will enter some—the high or the low, for weal or for woe. Behold the wisdom and mercy of God that no life is left without its opportunity for good. Esau may sell his birthright, but God sets in the life of every Jacob a ladder that reaches heaven.

What if the great opportunities of history had all been embraced by wicked and designing men? Indeed, history under such circumstances would cease to be history and become a record of spoliation and crime. A small man does wickedly—a big man does righteously, and his is a bigness that outlives his age and perpetuates itself in song, story and lasting monument. God's man—the Christ—fills the pre-eminent place in history. His bigness is the greatness of sinlessness and goodness.

The opportunities of our day are of God. All possibilities are launched by God for the accomplishing by men. We think God's thoughts after Him and work God's works with Him. The main demands of our times are of necessity those of development and organization. The business of our day are large enterprises which bestow great gain. Are these important and great opportunities to be filled by the emissaries of the devil? Instinctively all right thinking men cry, no.

"God give us men," good men. Hark, the clock is striking a new hour. It has sounded many before. None, however, more important and far reaching than the present. As always it is an hour of change and reform. It tolls in the music of magical charm these letters, H-O-N-E-S-T-Y! This is the old word of a new national anthem that shall save us and rejuvenate our country. Like all hours marked by history's strokes, it has its demand. The greatest hour of history demanded a world saving sacrifice, and all times point back to Christ, saying: First, "Behold the man!"—the greatest man of earth's greatest hour. Second, "Be like Him, serve, sacrifice, save." And the Christ gives us our motto, our principle of financial salvation: "Wist ye not that I must be about My Father's business?" Earth's business must be made God's business.

Christianity has given the world its greatest and best. As it has been, so it must be. We may truly say, so it is. The demands of the world on the church are seldom disappointed. The few failures but prove the rule that the bank of faith can supply the calls of sight. I hail the coming day, the advent of the most exalted type of Christian. In law and literature, in art and science, among capitalists and laborers, statesmen and citizens, let us have what we need, namely—Christian men—that is, men—Christlike.

The third treasure he secured was wisdom. We see in Zaccheus one who could make money, but was now bound to make it honestly and willing to use it well. It may be objected that all his money was not dishonestly obtained. Let us accept that as a fact, for it is not possible that the gifts of a few thousands or millions should give the guilty conscience peace. He found this as far as it could be obtained in restitution. The restitution proved what he wanted to be; his gift of half his goods, what he was. We can almost feel his conversion, as his actions accuse himself of hoarding and indulgence. His desires seem to broaden from being a lake of pleasure to becoming a river of blessing. The use of wealth is a great art and a wise wealth user is indeed an artist. Let us presume the same conditions to prevail in our day; one-half of my goods to the poor, one-half of the accumulated wealth—the wealth that is making people selfish and self-indulgent, often wasteful and wicked—one-half this wealth would prosper charity, missions and the cause of Christ beyond all our fondest dreams. Yet let us remember the church is blessed with great wisdom and willingness to use wealth for the good of the race and the glory of God. The wealth of all the world is held largely by the professed followers of Christ. This is as it should be, not because it is by them most deserved, but because it is by them best used. The wealth of the world may be held largely by Christians, but it belongs to God. No man is truly a Christian rich man, unless he is a liberal giver, and even the Christian poor often prove that it more blessed to give than to receive.

The fourth treasure that he secured was salvation. "This day is salvation come to this house," so said Christ. Does it pay to get right with God and to square up with men? As well ask, Does it pay to buy gold eagles with trade dollars? Salvation is truly the "Pearl of Great Price" which, once found, it is worth all to obtain it. Directly, salvation is ever and always free—without money and without price; indirectly, it is secured by humiliation, restitution, confession and liberality.

Salvation is so great it must cost and so great it cannot be purchased. Not all of earth's wealth and treasures can buy salvation, for we were redeemed not by silver or gold, but by the precious blood of Christ. Zaccheus was to have less of material things, but so much more of spiritual things. There are lives loaded with material wealth and blessings that are just sinking them in sin and wickedness. They are sure to strike the rocks of an accusing conscience, and condemning heart. Man lightens the ship. Restitution and liberality will prepare the way for God's great blessing of salvation.

How rich Zaccheus became that day! Like Mary, he found that better part—a treasure that the world cannot give, neither take away. He is a living testimony that honesty pays and the square deal is profitable. He gained life's greatest possession—the salvation of his soul. And strange to say, he began to be doubly rich when he was converted. He learned to give to the poor, and thus started to lend to the Lord. His treasures were simply transferred; for every honest dollar sincerely given in charity and liberality is so saved beyond the rainy day, treasures laid up in Heaven. God give us the fear of doing wrong; a daring courage to right our wrongs, and an unwavering faith to do well with what is truly our possessions. To hold is to lose; to give is to save. God grant that in this grace of giving we may abound to the blessing of others on earth, and the enriching of ourselves in Heaven.

The Sunday-School

INTERNATIONAL LESSON COMMENTS FOR APRIL 26.

Subject: Jesus Teaches Humility, John 13:1-20—Golden Text, John 13:34—Commit Verses 3-5—Commentary on the Lesson.

TIME.—Tuesday night, April 4, A. D. 30. **PLACE.**—Upper room, Jerusalem.

EXPOSITION.—I. The Humility and Love of Jesus, 1-11. Jesus was about to depart to a world where He would be appreciated, where all the angels of God would worship Him. Heb. 1:6. Very naturally He might have had a feeling of relief at leaving those dull, unbelieving disciples, to go to realms of light and faith and glory. He was occupied with thoughts of His disciples and their need. His was a constant, untiring, patient, indestructible, self-forgetting love, "unto the end." Two little words marvelously describe our relation to Him, "His own." What a dignity it sets upon us—we are "His own." How clear it makes our absolute security (comp. ch. 17:12). How do I know I shall spend eternity with Him? How do I know that the mighty and subtle Satan will never prevail to get me? Why do I rise triumhant over the world and its ambitions and its allurements and its blandishments? How do I know He will lavish upon me all the infinite wealth of His love? I am "His own." I am His by both gift and purchase. Note that death is "departing out of this world unto the Father." There is nothing then so dreadful for the believer in what men call death (ch. 14:28; Phil. 1:21, 23; 2 Cor. 5:8). We see the black background of the Saviour's unceasing love—the unceasing malignity of Satan, incarnating itself in a human heart (v. 2, R. V.). Judas got his awful purpose direct from the devil. If Judas had been told at the beginning the depth of infamy to which he would sink, he would have been horrified. The very same devil, who was active in Judas' time, is around to-day. We do well to ponder and act upon Eph. 6:10-18. What a picture of how the Father glorified Jesus and how He humbled Himself in verses 3-5. On the one hand "the Father had given all things into His hands" (comp. ch. 3:35; Matt. 11:27; John 5:22, 17:2; Matt. 28:18; Eph. 1:21, 22; Heb. 1:2; 2:8, 9; 1 Cor. 15:27); "He came forth from God," and "went to God." On the other hand, "He riseth from the supper," "laid aside His garments," "took a towel," etc., etc. He did these seven things in full consciousness of His divine authority, divine origin and divine destiny. When the consciousness of superiority of rank or ability tempts us to shirk the lowliest services for the humblest of God's children, we will do well to recall this scene and remember that "the servant is not greater than his Lord" (v. 16), and to let this mind be in us which was also in Christ Jesus (Phil. 2:5; note context). This was a miracle of humility and grace. So we can make the common acts of life amazingly glorious if we perform them in His spirit. Oh to think of the glorious Christ taking our vile feet into those hands that by their touch cleansed the leper, opened blind eyes, healed the sick and raised the dead, and washing and wiping them! There is a filth infinitely more repulsive to Him than the filth of the roads, the filth of sin, and He is handling our feet each day and washing it off. What a wonderful Saviour! Jesus' acts in this scene symbolize His whole work. He "riseth from supper"—rises from His rightful place in glory and enjoyment. He "laid aside His garments"—so He laid aside the garments of divine majesty (Phil. 2:6, 7). He "took a towel and girded Himself"—took upon Him the form of a servant (Phil. 2:7). "He poureth water into a basin"—provides the cleansing word (John 15:3). "Began to wash the disciples' feet"—applies the cleansing water (Eph. 5:26). Took His garments (v. 12)—reassumed His glory (Jno. 17:5). "Sat down again" (v. 12)—reassumed His place as Lord (Heb. 10:12). As to Simon Peter, note: (1) His imagined humility, but real pride (vs. 6, 8); (2) his failure to understand the meaning of Jesus' acts (v. 7); (3) his failure to ponder the meaning of Jesus' words (v. 9); (4) his talking when he ought to have been thinking (vs. 7, 8, 9); (5) his promise of future understanding (v. 7, he knows all about it now); (6) his prompt and eager repentance (v. 9).

II. "I have given you an example," 12-15. "Know ye what I have done to you?" They did not know. It was some time before they understood the full meaning of His act, and little do we understand oftentimes what it is that the Lord has done to us. What He had really done was to set them an example whereby He would remove the dirt of pride and self-seeking and self-sparing from their sin-stained souls. They were having a quarrel among themselves as to who should be accounted greatest (Luke 22:24). Greatly did they need to be taught to take the lowly place of service rather than to seek the exalted place of honor. We call Him "Master" and "Lord" and we do well to call Him so; for "Master and Lord" He is. But if we call Him so let us not play the hypocrite, but let us rather make Him in our lives what we call Him with our lips. If He, Our Lord and Master, performed the lowliest and most disagreeable service for others, for those under Him, we too must stand ready to perform the lowliest services for all others. Are we ready to do it?

DEMOCRATIC CONVENTION

New York's Delegates Go to Denver Uninstructed.

The McCarren Men From Ten Districts, With McCarren at Head, Ousted After a Fight.

New York City.—Charles F. Murphy and his ally, William J. Conners, leaders of the Democratic party in the State, weeded Patrick H. McCarren out of the organization after one of the most sensational sessions of a State convention ever held in this State. It followed a dramatic appearance of Senator McCarren before the convention, in which he hurled defiance at Tammany and threatened its disruption.

One of the most exciting episodes occurred at midnight, when more than two score delegates rushed to the platform of Carnegie Hall, and, with shoults of "Gag rule!" and "Outrage!" demanded their rights.

They declared substitution had been made in the list of the new State Committee and that the Murphy-Conners combination had seized absolute control of the organization.

The chairman announced that the convention, instead of the Senate districts, would choose the delegates. This precipitated a riot. Delegates rushed toward the platform to assault the chairman. Mr. Carmody, of Yates, who was presiding, broke his gavel. The sergeant-at-arms and his assistants were knocked down. The reporters and their tables were overturned. Half the policemen seemed to be afraid to molest anybody or to take sides. In the middle of all the disorder the chairman announced the resolution carried that the convention should name the State Committeemen from the Twenty-seventh, Thirty-sixth, Fortieth and Fiftieth Senate Districts. More than 100 delegates were on their feet protesting. The secretary called the roll while the crowd clamored and Carmody declared that the resolution was carried through, 254 to 128. Then he said the convention was adjourned.

It was the most sensational Democratic State Convention held since Van Wyck was nominated for Governor against Theodore Roosevelt, in 1898.

After much trouble and many declinations from prominent Democrats, these four delegates-at-large were selected:

Alton B. Parker, Lewis Nixon, Charles F. Murphy and Charles Froeb.

Alternates-at-large, James E. Schwatzenbach, Steuben; Francis K. Pendleton, New York; George H. Thacher, Albany; William F. Rafferty, Syracuse.

Nathan Straus, of this city, and W. H. Fitzpatrick, were selected as electors-at-large. District delegates from the thirty-seven Congress districts were selected by their delegates.

Under the instructions of the convention the seventy-eight delegates from New York to the Denver convention will vote as a unit and as directed by Murphy and Connors.

The State Convention's resolutions committee flatly refused even so much as to consider a Bryan resolution.

Harry W. Walker, one of Bryan's most enthusiastic supporters in New York, declared he would issue a call for another State convention to send a contesting delegation to Denver.

SHOOTS OBSTINATE DAUGHTER

As She Sits at Piano, Then Kills Himself in Asheville School For Girls.

Asheville, N. C.—Dr. C. O. Swinney, formerly of New York, who came here from Marion, N. C., about two weeks ago to visit his daughter, Nellie, a sixteen-year-old student at the Normal and Collegiate Institute, called on his daughter at the college. While the two were alone in a reception room and Nellie was at the piano playing, Swinney fired three shots at her and then fired a fourth shot through his own head, killing himself instantly.

Miss Swinney was picked up unconscious and is believed to be fatally injured, two of the shots having taken effect in her head.

Miss Swinney, who is considered the prettiest girl in the college, had been receiving attentions from young men contrary to her father's wishes. He had remonstrated with her, but to no purpose. During their talk in the afternoon Nellie grew impatient and commenced playing the piano.

"COL." WARD SENTENCED AGAIN.

At Age of Seventy-four He Begins Another Prison Term in Boston.

Boston, Mass.—"Colonel" Daniel S. Ward, who for fifty years has been one of the most picturesque and interesting characters in the criminal history of the United States, was sentenced in the Superior Court to two and a half years in the State prison for forgery, and at the age of seventy-four will commence his eighth or ninth prison term.

The "Colonel" commenced his prison career in 1863, when he was arrested in New York during the draft riots with two other men for plotting to burn the city. His confederates were executed, but Ward was pardoned by President Lincoln.

Iron and Steel Dull.

Manufacturing conditions are little altered, about fifty per cent. of the iron and steel producing capacity being in operation.

BETROTHED PASTOR SUICIDE

The Rev. G. W. Tomson Shoots Himself at Woodbury, N. J.

His Engagement to a Widow Was Announced a Few Days Before—Another Woman Denounced Him.

Woodbury, N. J.—The Rev. George W. Tomson, pastor of the First Presbyterian Church, of this place, was found dead on the floor of his room in the Newton Hotel with a bullet wound in his temple.

There are many elements of mystery in the death of the prominent clergyman, who numbered among his congregation a number of wealthy Philadelphians who have their homes in this fashionable suburb. The verdict of the Coroner's Jury indicates suicide, but the theory that the minister took his life is supported only by the fact that he was in trouble with some women of his congregation.

Nothing indicates a premeditated plan to kill himself. The door of his room was unlocked. His body was found practically hidden behind a bed, and the revolver was some distance from the body. On a table in the room was the manuscript of an Easter sermon prepared by Dr. Tomson on the text, "I am the Resurrection and the Life."

The absence of any evidence of premeditation and the fact that the troubles of the preacher might incite in others a desire for revenge as well as to lead him to suicide, makes the killing of Dr. Tomson a tangled mystery, and the authorities here have determined upon a thorough investigation.

Only a few days ago a report was circulated among members of the congregation that a brother of a wealthy widow, who had been the object of attentions since the death of his first wife, had demanded that Dr. Tomson at once publicly announce his engagement to this woman. Other women, in turn, including another widow, claimed that Dr. Tomson had trifled with their affections, and the preacher was beset on all sides and grew despondent.

About a week ago an announcement appeared in the local paper that Dr. Tomson was engaged to be married to Mrs. Fannie Kenworthy, a wealthy widow, living in a magnificent home, and the mother of an eighteen-year-old daughter.

The day following this announcement there was a congregational meeting at the church and a sensational scene was enacted. Miss Helen Moore, a handsome woman of thirty-five and a teacher of the Sunday-school of the place rose and faced the preacher. He turned his head away.

"I wish to tender my resignation as a member of this church," said Miss Moore. "The pastor has broken his promise to marry me, but he will never marry Mrs. Kenworthy. He is a hypocrite.

"He owes me all the love and duty belonging to a wife, and I shall not permit him to desert me now."

The words of Miss Moore threw the meeting into confusion and she was immediately surrounded by the women members of the congregation, who appeared to sympathize with Dr. Tomson. These women made a formal demand upon her to leave Woodbury at once.

Miss Moore broke down and weepingly declared that she had spoken only the truth and should have the sympathy of the women members of the church. None was extended to her and she was finally forced to agree to leave the city.

Dr. Tomson left the meeting. He was staggering and when he reached the top of the stone stairs leading from the church pitched headlong to the sidewalk. One of his friends rushed to his aid and asked him if he was badly hurt.

"Unfortunately not," was the short reply of the preacher, and he asked to be allowed to go to his hotel alone.

Since the departure of her family to the Pacific Coast some time ago, Miss Moore has been living at the Newton Hotel, and is reported to have nursed Dr. Tomson during an illness. Until her dramatic denunciation of the preacher in the church, however, no one suspected that there was anything between Dr. Tomson and Miss Moore except the friendly relations of a pastor to one of the teachers in his Sunday-school.

NEW NETS STOP TORPEDOES.

American Navy Has a Steel Device That Will Protect War Craft.

Newport, R. I.—Exhaustive tests with steel nets to resist attacks from torpedoes against war craft have been going on in Narragansett Bay recently. They have demonstrated that the navy now has a resistible steel net. The ships will soon be fitted with this device.

One of the nets, twenty-five feet square, was held by two large naval launches. Within about 800 yards the torpedo boat Morris, under full speed, fired from her forward tube a Whitehead torpedo, which ran at a speed of between twenty-five and twenty-eight knots an hour. It hit the centre of the net and bounded back.

Senator Foraker Defends Negroes.

Though ill Senator Foraker, before a great audience of negroes in the Senate galleries, pleaded for justice for the Brownsville soldiers.

Observance of Arbor Day.

Girls Going Merrily to the Ceremonies Which Have Now Become a Fixture in Every State.

Scope and Use of Arbor Day

ARBOR DAY was instituted in Nebraska in 1872 by J. Sterling Morton, afterward Secretary of Agriculture, and has since made its way from State to State until provision for its observance exists in almost every State and Territory.

The central idea of Arbor Day is the intelligent and appreciative planting of trees by school children. The planting is usually accompanied by exercises which are intended to impress upon the children the beauty and usefulness of trees and thus to lend to the work the value of a bit of nature study. Arbor Day has undoubtedly done much to inculcate a love of trees, and has given added impetus to the general movement for the better knowledge and the wiser use of forests.

Yet there is no question that Arbor Day can be made more practical than it has been; that it can be brought into closer touch with forestry by being made the opportunity for carrying out simple steps in forest work. The permanent results of Arbor Day from the standpoint of successful planting have frequently been disappointing. Too often species entirely unsuited for either economic or ornamental planting have been used. Still more common causes of failure have been the lack of sufficient care in doing the work and neglect of the trees after they are planted. In this way much of the educational value of the work is lost. By leaving the trees unprotected from animals, insects and other destructive agencies the intended good example is turned for want of a little care, into a negative one.

But even when the planting has been well conceived and wisely carried out there is often lacking, in work of this nature, all reference to the larger aspect of forest planting. The ultimate aim of the day might well be to prompt and encourage not so much a sentiment for trees as a sentiment for the forest. Yet the practice has been to plant individual trees rather than groves, and the relation of the single tree to the forest has not been pointed out. Talks on Arbor Day have not dwelt enough upon the economic side of forestry, or have tended to give a wrong impression of the whole subject by lamenting all cutting of trees. The effect of this has been actually opposed to the forester's teachings.

Arbor Day is the time for disseminating sound, practical knowledge regarding forestry in its broader aspect. The mere act of setting a few trees, without reference to the commercial utility and the protective value of forests, is but a small part of the work of the day.

The proper season for planting is not everywhere the same. South of the thirty-seventh parallel, especially in the more humid regions, fall planting is perhaps preferable, but north of this the winter comes on so quickly that the trees have scarcely time to develop roots strong enough to support them until spring, and spring planting is therefore more advisable. The right time to plant in spring is when the ground has ceased to freeze and before budding begins. Evergreens may be planted somewhat later than hardwoods. The day to plant is almost as important as the season. Sunny, windy weather is very unfavorable; cool, damp days are the best. For this reason it is well to leave the date for Arbor Day unfixed, so that the best opportunity may be chosen. Such exercises as are desired can follow when the planting is done.

The careful selection of trees for a specific use and situation is essential to success, and proper planting is equally important. Though less fastidious than agricultural crops in their demands upon the soil, trees cannot be set in a rough soil at random and then expected to flourish. They should be planted without allowing their roots time to dry out from exposure to the air. When delay between procuring the trees and their planting cannot be avoided the roots must be kept moist by standing them in a "puddle" made of earth and water mixed to the consistency of cream, or "heeled in" by nearly burying them in fresh earth. In seting the trees it is important to place them about three inches deeper than they stood originally, and to spread out the roots and pack the soil firmly about them. Two inches of soil at the top should be left very loose, to act as a mulch to retain the moisture.

Large trees are by no means always the best to plant. Small seedlings may be secured easily and cheaply, and are much more likely to live. If these are set out in good numbers after the pattern of a commercial plantation they will become in due time a true forest on a small scale.

If only a few trees are planted, as is usually the case, it is still possible to make plain the true relation of such work to forestry. No matter how few the trees, they may be made to illustrate planting for commercial or protective use.

The scope of Arbor Day planting may sometimes be broadened by securing permission from some public spirited citizen or nearby farmer for the children to plant a small block of trees on his land. This could be made a practical demonstration of how such work is done on a large scale.

Outside the scope of the actual plantation, it is well to bear in mind that Arbor Day is not the only day on which trees deserve the intelligent thought of the children. They need care throughout the season. Watching the plantation thrive under right treatment greatly adds to the educational value of the work, which otherwise leaves but a slight impression.

It is all important that the plantation should become a model of what can be done along these lines. In after years the children should be able to point with satisfaction to the work of their school days.

> Nature is mythical and mystical always, and works with the license and extravagance of genius. She has her luxurious and florid style as well as art. Having a pilgrim's cup to make, she gives to the whole—stem, bowl, handle, and nose—some fantastic shape, as if it were to be the car of some fabulous marine deity, a Nereus or Triton.
>
> *Henry David Thoreau*
>
> From "Excursions and Poems" in *Natural History of Massachusetts*
> Used by permission of Houghton, Mifflin & Co

Arbor Day.

By GRACE EBY.

With joy we hail Arbor Day, especially for its influence on the children. May every school collect a good supply of trees and shrubs with which to adorn its grounds, and may there be added to every home some new attraction. I would see our farms and houses protected by windbreaks of sturdy growing evergreens, and at each homestead a cozy corner, where rustic seats might invite the weary farm hands to cooling shade and rest at noontide, all through the heated harvest time and give the worn housewife a quiet retreat for a little time after the kitchen work is done, and a healthful resort for the children just returned from their long and heated walk from school; and, oh how precious the hours of eventide, when all the family is gathered for a little while of sweet communion and quietude before retiring.

If farmers would plant a clump or two of shade trees in the pasture fields the grateful kine would appreciate the kindness and yield a larger and more wholesome flow of milk than if toiling in a broiling sun the whole livelong day.

A few trees by the roadside are such a comfort to the heated traveler; yes, and to his tired beast. Then plant trees by the wayside, with here and there some inviting luscious fruit, adding value to the farm and attractiveness to the neighborhood. Who does not love to travel through a part of the country where all seems to have been planned for utility, comfort and beauty, rather than through some dreary, unsightly locality, and over uncomfortable, unshaded roads?

ANTICIPATION.

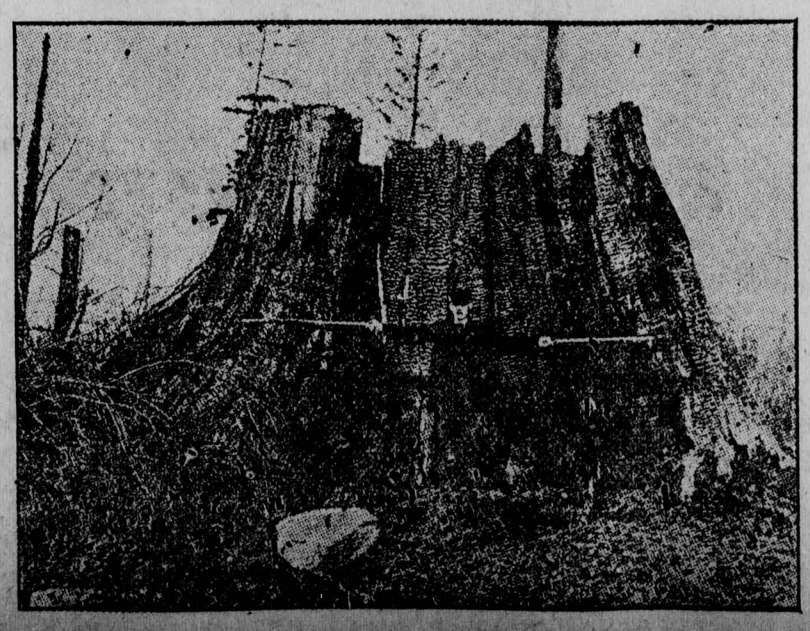
I am going to plant a hickory tree,
And then, when I am a man,
My boys and girls may come and eat
Just all the nuts they can!

And I shall say, "My children, dear,
This tree that you enjoy
I set for you one Arbor Day
When I was but a boy."

And they will answer, "Oh, how kind
To plant for us this tree!"
And then they'll crack the fattest nuts,
And give them all to me!
—From the Country Gentleman.

The plane tree (buttonball) is a tree of matchless dignity, and the greatest utility. It makes ideal avenues and its fruit is very picturesque.

TREES GROW LARGE NEAR VANCOUVER, B. C.



FLEET SAFE IN A HOME PORT

Hysteria of Welcome as Ships Arrive at San Diego, Cal.

Big War Dogs Steam in, Making Greatest Marine Picture Ever Seen on Pacific Coast.

San Diego, Cal.—Gleaming white under a high sun the sixteen battleships of the Atlantic fleet, after the most remarkable cruise in naval history, steamed slowly into a home port a few minutes after 1 o'clock p. m. and cast anchor off Coronado Beach.

Flying the flag of Admiral Thomas the Connecticut led the long line of vessels and as the guns of Fort Rosecrans boomed out a welcome the fleet separated into divisions of four, each squadron anchoring together with its flagship nearest shore. The beach was lined with a solid mass of people gathered from all parts of the State and the blue harbor was dotted with gayly decorated launches. A hoarse frenzy of cheering that tried to emulate the roar that echoed out of the white puffs of smoke from the guns of the fighting ships shook the excited assemblage.

After the grand receptions at Rio and Callao it remained for an American city to surpass both in warmth of greeting, and in return the Californians viewed the greatest marine spectacle ever seen on the Western coast.

To the fleet it was a home-coming. It was getting back to God's country. To California it was an opportunity. This opportunity was many sided. One of the sides related to patriotism, the cordiality of welcome bordering on a condition of frenzy.

This city of 35,000 inhabitants, augmented probably by 20,000 visitors, has gradually been going mad for a month. It reached a stage of hysteria as soon as the long pennant of blended outputs from many smoke stacks showed that the fleet was really approaching. When the fleet actually did arrive the people looked at it in a sort of awe and stupefaction.

Yet it would be hard to describe which was the more inspiring spectacle, the sixteen great ships coming into the bay in perfect alignment like well trained soldiers or the great crowd that lined the shores watching them. In the first was epic poetry; in the other lyrics, pastorals and sonnets. It was a matter for individual choice.

One hour after the battleships had come to rest San Diego's reception committee, the official hosts of the town, boarded the flagship Connecticut and extended the greeting and welcome of a people bubbling over with hospitality. A little while later Governor Gillette, still pale and weak from recent illness, boarded the Connecticut and spoke to Rear-Admiral Thomas and the other Rear-Admirals and commanding officers the welcome of the State of California. That formality over, the people of San Diego threw wide their arms and asked the men of the fleet to come within the gates of the city, make themselves at home and help themselves to anything they saw in sight.

California's welcome was uttered by Governor Gillette in words which portrayed the Pacific as the inevitable theatre of the greatest naval war in history and which formed an emphatic indorsement of President Roosevelt's plea to Congress for more battleships.

The splendid condition of the ships was manifested in every way. Outwardly they were the same white and buff units of a powerful aggregation of fighting force that sailed from Hampton Roads, with the President showing the way on the Mayflower. Internally the ships were in better condition than when they started, engines working with the smooth thrust and throw of perfect bearings and careful handling, and boilers producing steam with less consumption of coal because of the increased efficiency in the firing rooms. The wash of the waves along the water line displayed from two to three feet of red armor belts, and showed comparatively little sea growth, despite the long stay in temperate and tropical waters.

A feature of the arrival of the fleet was the trip of a boat carrying 33,000 oranges, which were given to the men on the battleships by the San Diego people. The tars greeted the boat with loud cheers, and the oranges with eager mouths. Another boat, filled with pretty girls, carried loads of flowers to the bluejackets, and there were more loud cheers.

The beauty of the day's spectacle when the ships were brought to anchor were rivalled at night, when for three hours every vessel was outlined in fire. Thousands of incandescent bulbs were strung along decklines, up masts, far out on the signal yardarms, up and down the huge funnels and down to the water's edge at stem and stern. The name of each vessel was spelled in letters six feet high across its forward bridge. During half an hour of the period of illumination a searchlight display added to the effect. On shore scores of red signal fires were maintained throughout the evening as a welcome.

At night Admirals Thomas, Sperry and Emery and the commanding officers and members of the various staffs were entertained at an elaborate dinner at the Hotel Del Coronado. The absence of Rear-Admiral Evans, who is ill at Paso Robles, is deeply regretted on all sides. Admiral Thomas, at the dinner, referred to the subject with much feeling.

On the day after arrival about 4500 bluejackets paraded and there was a presentation of a sword for Admiral Evans, and a casket and key to represent the freedom of the city to all, besides medals for the Admirals.

Admiral Thomas made no less than three speeches of acceptance.

PRESIDENT WANTS BATTLESHIPS

Sends Message Advocating Four Instead of Two.

Washington, D. C.—Declaring that he is actuated by the spirit of George Washington and quoting in his defense a message of the first President, President Roosevelt sent a message to Congress advocating an appropriation for four first-class battleships, instead of the two fighting craft recommended by the House Naval Committee. In this message the President points out that, while the additional ships are primarily for the purpose of promoting international peace, they are made necessary by the failure of the powers to agree to any treaties curtailing the size of navies or the size of individual ships.

The President's message reached the House in the midst of the discussion of the Naval Appropriation bill. Representative Hobson finished his speech for four battleships, and had been loudly applauded.

INSTRUCTED FOR HUGHES.

Republican Convention Meets in New York City—First Colored Delegate.

New York City.—The Republican State convention, which assembled in Carnegie Hall, elected the following delegates at large and their alternates to the national convention, which is to meet in Chicago on June 16:

Delegates at Large—Stewart L. Woodford, of New York City; Seth Low, of New York City; Frederick R. Hazard, of Onondaga County; Edward H. Butler, of Erie County.

Alternates at Large—John Raines, of Ontario County; Thomas P. Peters, of Kings County; Norman J. Gould, of Senaca County; Charles W. Anderson, of Erie County.

Mr. Anderson is President Roosevelt's colored internal revenue collector for the Third District. He is the first colored man in the history of the Republican party of the State to be elected an alternate at large to a national convention. There has never been a colored delegate at large. These delegates at large and their alternates were "directed" by the convention to use all honorable means to bring about Governor Charles E. Hughes' nomination for President.

EX-CONVICT BOY KILLS MOTHER.

Just Released and Brooding Over Fancied Wrongs Takes Awful Revenge.

Brooklyn, N. Y.—In revenge for fancied wrongs, Bernard Carlin shot and killed his mother, Mrs. Susan Carlin, in her home, at No. 587 Quincy street, a few hours after he had been released from the Napanoch Reformatory, in Ulster County. As he was trying to escape he was caught by George Tonyes, a moving van man, and turned over to the police.

In design and execution it was one of the most atrocious crimes in many years in Kings County. Carlin admitted that he had planned the murder while he was in prison, and his only regret was that he had not been able to find his brother to kill him too. He blamed his mother for having had him committed to the institution, although the records show that he was found guilty in 1906 of stealing a horse and wagon in the Wallabout Market.

NEAR $100,000,000 FOR ARMY.

Largest Appropriation Ever Made Except When at War.

Washington, D. C.—The largest army appropriation bill ever passed in time of peace went through the Senate after less than an hour and three-quarters devoted to its consideration. It carries $98,820,409, or $20,000,000 more than last year's bill. As passed by the House it was $84,207,560. The Senate added $14,612,843. The War Department had asked for $103,216,000. The bill of last year appropriated but $76,000,000. The increased pay for officers and men will cost, according to estimates, $7,000,000.

Senator Hale who usually opposes any tendency toward militarism, found no fault at all.

An aggregate of $1,146,414 is appropriated for the defense of the Hawaiian and Philippine islands.

DEMOCRATS NAME GRAY.

Despite His Declination, Delaware Convention Instructs For Him.

Dover, Del.—Despite the written declaration of Judge George Gray that he could not under any circumstances consent to have the delegates instructed for him, the Delaware Democratic State Convention officially placed his name before the Democracy of the country for that party's nomination for President of the United States.

There was no voice raised against the resolution to instruct the delegation of six to "support, advocate and vote" for Judge Gray's nomination.

The platform adopted declares for unfaltering devotion to State rights, criticises the National Administration and declares for a revision of the tariff.

Duluth Banker a Suicide.

Despondent over business troubles, Charles F. Leland, formerly president of the Commercial Bank, shot and killed himself at his home in Duluth, Minn. The failure of the Commercial Bank, which followed the embezzlement of $80,000 of the bank's funds by the teller, had weighed heavily upon him.

C osing of the School Year.

Prof. Earl C. Baity closed his school last Friday afternoon. The scholars of the various grades received certificates of promotion, showing their standing and work for the year. Each pupil in the school was given a souvenir, very prettily arranged, which will help them recall the term and the teacher. A number of the pupils of this school stopped before the session closed, some to take up work at other schools, others to take up work which awaited them. The scholars had prepared a paper entitled "The High School Disturber" in which was portrayed many incidents happening during the winter, and the manner in which their thoughts were given, showed advance in power of thought and ability to give expression to the same. By request, Miss Oswalt read the paper and all present thoroughly enjoyed it from start to finish.

Rev. T. H. McLeod and Rev. J. H. Ake were visitors and gave appropriate addresses, complimenting the teacher and scholars on the evidence of good results from their winter's work, which in this grade has been one of exceptional advance, aim being made for thoroughness at every step. It is with regret that the school board learned of Prof. Baity's intention to continue his studies at Mansfield Normal next year, where he will take a post-graduate coure, as it will be difficult to replace so efficient a teacher.

We learn that Ernest Miller and Harold Spangler, pupils of this school, have records of not missing one session during 1907 or 1908 terms which is a very creditable showing for the young men.

Report of No. 1 school, Frances Isenberg, teacher. No. enrolled, males 18, females 24, total 42; average attendance, males 12, females 21, total 33; per cent. of attendance, males 96, fema es 91, total 93. Names of those present every day are Newton Grainey, William Foster, Andrew Yetter, Harry McMullen, Carlton Cowher Clarence McMullen, Ira McCarl, Ray Hack, Sherman Brumbaugh, William Brininger, Blair Baker, Margaret Slates, Emma Bair, Nellie Cowher, Easton Brown Mildred Parker, Violr Kauffman, Alda McCarl, Grace Buchanan, Blanche Brumbaugh, Ruth Baker and Lillian Bell. Visitors 7.

Report of Intermediate school No. 2, Louisa A. Dell, teacher. Whole number enrolled, males 17, females 20, total 37; average attendence, males 16, females 18, total 34; per cent. of attendance, males 97, females 94, total 96. The following pupils missed no time during the month: Clyde Chilcote, Joe Heaster, Hummel McHugh, Wilbur Brumbaugh, Harry Baker, Clyde Grainey, Eddie McHugh, John Henderson, May Yetter, Elda Shore, Nannie Duffy, Marie Moore, Ethel Slates, Martha Seilhamer, Alda Corbin, Elsie Shoop, Beatrice Brininger, Emma Corbin and Ruth Brown. Emma Corbin's name should have been among those who missed no time in last month's report. Visitors 11.

Term Report of No. 2 school, Louisa A. Dell, teacher. Whole No. enrolled, males 20, females 24, total 44; average attendance, males 19, females 20, total 39; per cent. of attendance, males 91, females 91, total 91. The following pupils missed no time during the term: Clyde Chilcote, Clyde Grainey, Eddie McHugh, May Yetter, Elda Shore, Martha Seilhamer, Elsie Shoop and Emma Corbin. Visitors 54.

Following is a report of No. 3 school, for the seventh month, ending April 15, 1908. No. of pupils enrolled males 15, females 16, total 31; average attendance for the month, males 11, females 15 total 26; average attendance for the term, males 14, females 17, total 31; per cent of attendance for the month, males 80, females 92, total 86; per cent of attendance for the term, males 86, females 86, total 86. Those who were present every day during the month are as follows: Queena Chilcote, Josephine Himes, Bertha Wise, Clare Montgomery, Stella Grainey, Zurie Shax, Viola Buchanan, Lena Hughes, Blanche Palmer, Ralph Corbin, and Frank O'Connor. Those who were present every day during the term are Ralph Corbin, Frank O'Connor, Bertha Wise, and Lena Hughes. Visits for the month 34.

Florence M, Oswalt, teacher.

Report of No. 4 school, Earl C. Baity, teacher. Average attendance, males 8, females 2, total 10; per cent of attendance males 83, females 100, total 92; No. enrolled males 10, females 4, total 14. Those present every day during the month are Ernest Miller, Harper Dell, Harold Spangler and Florence Dell. Visitors 7.

Kodol for Dyspepsia has helped thousands of people who have had stomach trouble. This is what one man says of it: "E. C. DeWitt & Co., Chicago, Ill. — Gentlemen—In 1897 I had a disease of the stomach and bowels. I could not digest anything I ate and in the spring of 1902 I bought a bottle of Kodol and the benefit I received from that bottle all the gold in Georgia could not buy. I still use a little occasionaly as I find it is a fine blood purifier and a good tonic. May you live long and prosper. Yours very truly N. Cornell, Roding, Ga., Aug. 27, 1906. Sold by Wright & Dell.

Republican Primary Vote of Huntingdon County, April 11th, 1908.

DISTRICTS.	Asso. Judge		County Treasurer			Dist. Attorney			County Commissioner											Poor Director			State Delegate			County Auditor				Del. to Nat. Con.				Alternate Del.		
	H. Richardson	G. W. Wright	W. H. Abbott	W. A. Crotsley	P. B. Outshalt	T. W. Myton	C. C. Brewster	D. H. Myers	C. H Whittaker	J. G. Allison	A. J. Black	Christ Bush	R. W. Hudson	W. L. Johnston	Fred N. Myers	J. H. Myers	J. M. Shank	Saml. Steele	M. F. Swope	E. R. Wible	John C. Bare	A. B. Dean	R. McAllister	E. M Beers	G. W. Fisher	G. W. Miller	H.A.Crownover	J.H. Ketterman	Clay Park	A. P. Robb	Andrew Shuldt	T. Frank Bayer	Wm. Hertzler	J. H. Stoner	Sam'l S. Woods	Lewis K. Derr	H. E. Sheibley	Sam'l I. Spyker
Alexandria	19	26	0	4	14	25	34		8	3	4	6	4	24	1	5	9	26	4	1	24	10		20	37	20	23	5	10	20	14	31	13	15	20	18	15	36
Ardenheim	16	6	1	0	4	15	6	13	2	10	1	1	1	7		4	1	5	6	2	7	14	1	15	10	9	11	8	4	6	2	17	6	11	2	9	10	16
Barree	17	18	0	1	8	33	22	6	7	10	10	5	1	14		4	2	15	9	2	27	7	2	10	30	26	37	5	10	10	3	25	9	14	13	19	14	26
Birmingham	13	9	6	2	5	11	21	1	1	1	5	2			1	2	1	4		11	12	3	5	10	16	14	12	7	5	9	6	17	14	8	14	13	9	18
Broad Top City	44	16	3	0	22	33	18	41	1	11	43	1	4	3	1			9	9	18	43	8	4	35	42	23	18	16	42	13	17	42	7	41	16	32	29	31
Carbon	33	8	9	10	2	18	5	37		4	42	4	7	5	4	4		1	3	4	18	9	12	9	32	37	19	7	21	13	6	21	7	23	15	20	14	28
Calvin	14	40	0	45	3	6	21	15	17	41	5	13	7	4	1	3		4	11	1	29	21	1	21	32	34	14	9	46	10	10	39	8	25	19	31	18	36
Cass	8	13	1	11	5	4	6	9	4	17	2	3	3	2				1	5	5	8	9		9	9	8	7	6	15	6	2	14	5	7	7	13	5	15
Cassville	19	12	2	17	7	5	9	9	13	14	5	1	5			2			11	24	16	11	4	17	19	17	7	9	23	15	2	26	6	15	10	12	15	24
Clay	32	22	10	2	27	18	13	23	14	10	12	1	19			9		5	19	26	40	6	5	35	22	28	11	10	54	5	10	35	4	24	21	27	18	38
Coalmont	21	17	3	1	15	15	2	31		6	16	5	10	4		1		2	6	7	12	13	5	18	17	14	14	13	14	3	6	22	10	13	10	19	12	21
Cromwell	53	27	2	3	39	33	40	15	14	3	4	2	9	3	6	43	1	4	33	35	65	5	4	58	18	34	17	19	65	8	12	44	11	27	28	38	17	49
Dudley	26	25	12	5	8	17	3	40		7	24	13	2	2	2	5	3		2	12	12	19	5	19	29	20	15	9	19	13	8	24	10	23	12	24	9	28
Franklin	12	37	3	1	8	37	30	10	7	3	5	2	2	8	4	4	35	17	6	5	1		47	22	31	24	19	20	12	18	11	23	20	20	21	21	17	34
Grantsville	36	19	12	12	17	16	33	7	13	24	8	12	5	3	8	2	5	8	11	12	36	11	5	30	34	24	21	41	19	13	4	33	8	15	23	23	17	34
Greenwood Furc'e	7	2	1	0	1	7	2	7		1	4	2		1		2	1	4	3		5	3		5	6	5	7	3	4	3	1	7	2	5	5	6	2	9
Henderson	16	9	2	2	7	12	12	7	5	20	4	3		4			10	2			19	3	2	10	12	18	15	6	9	8	2	16	5	8	8	13	7	17
Hopewell	4	26	4	3	13	8	18	4	9	3	5	12	2	3		3	6	3	7	13	18	6	3	12	10	12	6	21	8	11	10	21	9	8	14	15	12	18
Hill Valley	19	6	7	0	3	12	19	7	1	1			3	22		9	1	35	21	10	17	1	4	23	3	11	11	3	23	1	2	15	4	12	7	11	7	12
Hunt'gdon, 1st wd	65	44	1	0	48	59	57	33	17	11	16	20	11	66	4	9	1	35	21	10	70	24	4	65	57	61	70	12	34	43	31	86	21	60	24	57	33	70
" 2nd wd	129	87	3	8	115	91	136	69	14	29	29	43	7	128	7	35	8	69	38	18	146	46	11	77	129	130	144	59	70	58	48	212	58	89	77	107	71	172
" 3rd wd	147	97	4	10	129	105	196	22	29	14	17	72	10	183	10	69	1	70	14	12	149	69	8	134	142	130	119	68	91	107	53	191	83	104	73	119	87	187
" 4th wd	94	85	8	13	93	70	93	46	41	29	18	67	3	80	2	9	6	93	21	9	96	68	7	110	77	114	90	47	73	58	40	115	82	80	49	98	64	132
Jackson	16	28	2	1	6	35	25	9	10	15	5	14	5	8	6	7	5	5	8		31	5		20	25	21	35	8	10	12	3	30	12	16	19	22	12	32
Juniata	13	20	2	6	9	13	15	21	15	19		22	3	7	1	2		5	4	1	18	11	2	13	23	16	10	11	12	17	3	24	10	20	2	17	14	16
Lincoln	31	20	12	6	11	20	27	7	14	8	8	10		3	1		20	7	20	16	29	11	4	26	29	17	13	47	12	13	2	34	15	15	21	31	14	32
Logan	5	8	1	1	2	10	6	3	5	1	3	1		2			1	12	1	1	5	8		7	6	9	10	1	4	6	7	10	2	9	1	9	2	10
Latta Grove	15	42	1	15	31	9	36	12	5	30	4	5	17	3	3	1	3		3	45	51	4		39	36	36	16	23	57	9	7	41	17	19	31	36	30	38
Mill Creek	9	14	0	4	1	20	11	3	7	25		6	3	3		2		5	2	3	14	3	3	13	15	11	10	5	13	7	2	15	10	3	10	11	6	15
Mapleton	24	75	8	23	40	22	72	13	8	46	21	7	5	20	4	12	3	4	18	37	60	19	8	68	58	47	38	26	61	23	13	53	37	23	62	58	42	63
Marklesburg	21	6	0	4	4	18	14	5	8	6		5	2	1	1		18	7	13	1	14	8	1	11	16	14	1	25	8	10	2	17	11	8	8	14	9	17
Miller	14	13	1	0	2	25	7	13	5	14	5	3	2	9	2		8	5	5	1	16	7	1	17	13	13	23	3	5	13	2	24	4	7	8	14	9	20
Morris	9	4	1	0	5	7	8	1	4	2	1	2	1	7			2	4	3	1	10	1		5	10	3	11	2	3	4		10		8	3	7	5	8
Mt. Union	80	120	25	23	66	87	130	41	24	11	16	17	39	6	8	112	8	26	72	61	147	11	25	190	62	87	73	48	148	21	41	114	71	60	73	103	71	102
Mt. Union District	18	12	8	0	6	15	15	9	4	4	2	1	2	3	5	7	1	2	18	9	25	2	3	27	2	24	7	6	24	14	5	17	6	11	115	16	9	21
North Brady	4	8	3	1	1	8	13			10		2	1					2	7	1	11	1		6	9	7	7	1	4	9		7	3	5	5	4	5	8
North Dublin	26	20	1	19	13	12	19	22	4	3	4	6	6	3	1	14		6	12	33	40	3	2	34	21	27	23	17	29	5	8	28	22	11	26	25	30	38
North Tell	20	6	1	1	11	12	17	5	1	1		1	5	1	1	10		6	16	7	20	1	3	22	4	13	8	2	11	10	7	4	13	6	14	7	7	20
North Porter	2	15	0	1	1	14	12	2	2			5	1	3			4	12	6	1	13	2	2	11	11	6	7	2	4	8	9	10	8	6	10	13	5	13
N. Warriorsmark	29	49	1	3	39	36	41	24	9	6	2	4	1	11	2	4	73	12	6	23	20	6	47	49	64	26	54	37	10	20	8	37	34	21	49	51	23	56
Oneida	12	30	1	0	3	37	12	10	17	28	2	3		8		2	1	19	8	1	18	22	2	23	19	23	36	5	14	18	1	38	6	16	12	23	12	29
Orbisonia	61	47	1	3	66	40	67	32	6	2	17	2	22	5	6	59	6	9	24	49	86	5	6	84	43	55	41	25	76	11	23	68	27	38	44	59	42	62
Penn	21	12	9	9	7	11	23	5	4	19	1	12	2	5	2	4	7	1	11	3	19	10	4	19	21	19	10	27	7	19	1	22	11	10	14	14	16	21
Petersburg	40	17	5	4	20	29	40	10	3	10	2	7	5	7	5	11	5	36	13	3	35	16	3	37	39	15	44	12	11	21	7	43	15	10	29	26	23	40
Puttstown	13	5	8	0	6	5	4	9	5	3	12	2				1		3	13	1	11	3	5	4	13	15	3	10	8	4	7	10	3	6	12	5	6	16
Rock Hill	25	33	1	1	35	24	22	28	8	2	6		11	4	7	30	9	1	17	26	37	5	13	42	16	40	31	7	49	5	11	36	14	25	27	34	24	39
Saltillo	10	29	14	1	24	6	21	15	5	8		1	42		1	5	1	3		17	25	2	9	25	20	23	11	8	39	6	3	26	7	15	13	9	15	26
Shade Gap	11	8	3	5	4	7	4	11	5	3	10	2	8		2	5		3	1	3	20			17	4	15	12	3	13	4	3	15	5	7	8	9	5	16
Shirleysburg	27	23	9	3	20	18	25	24			7	6	2	2	24	35		2	2	5	36	2	13	38	25	18	19	10	32	8	8	38	11	27	12	24	14	38
Shirley	32	13	9	0	18	18	31	6	8	2	3	3	4	3	15	28		1	14	11	39	1	6	31	16	30	10	7	30	26	12	33	16	18	20	26	15	36
Smithfield	35	27	3	0	45	15	36	11	13	20	3	13	3	26	1	13	6	10	13	7	43	13	2	29	32	35	18	9	21	23	37	48	20	23	14	30	22	44
South Brady	3	5	2	1	0	5	2	1	4	6	1	3		3				2			4	1	2	4	4	3	4	4	4		2	5	2	1	4	3	2	5
South Dublin	15	7	5	6	4	10	15	7	1	2		1	1			14		1	4	20	16	5	2	17	9	10	6	6	17	1	9	12	14	4	14	14	9	16
South Porter	33	40	2	13	32	39				16	10	18	7	36	1	4	19	15	21	2	35	29	8	35	60	36	32	21	14	53	14	44	36	35	27	48	39	55
South Tell	12	2	4	0	4	5	4	5	3			1		1	3	5	1	2	6	5	11	1	1	8	3	9	8	4	8	1	2	6	5	3	7	4	5	8
S'th Warriorsmark	3	2	0	0	0	5	4	1						2			2		3		2		3	1	4	4	3		2	4		4	2	1	2	2	2	3
Spruce Creek	4	13	4	1	4	7	14	4	1		4	2	3	6		2	14	3		1	6		12	8	12	11	12	7	7	4	2	12	6	7		17	2	15
Springfield	37	72	4	10	71	21	44	57	5	3	25	1	4		1	17	1	4	21	96	95	8	4	71	33	40	12	7	100	6	16	68	17	30	33	34	24	61
Ted	32	59	17	20	40	15	48	38	3	52	55	4	10	4	5	2	1	8	17	16	57	25	5	54	56	52	23	53	74	7	11	62	26	32	47	51	49	56
Three Springs	11	31	4	0	30	8	16	10	15	4	2	2	32		1	8		1	5	24	27	8	4	31	11	26	12	9	41	6	4	35	9	13	16	19	13	25
Union	4	50	1	38	10	3	38	6	10	43	2	3	5	2		6		3	29	7	34	12	3	37	15	40	13	6	44	27	6	27	19	20	24	35	27	25
Valley Point	6	4	1	0	7	2	7	2	1				1	8					8	3	7	3	5	5	3	9	5	4	6		3	9	1	8	2	7	3	5
Walker	39	18	1	5	23	29	28	3	26	20	2	22		24		2	3	18	12	3	34	13	13	18	41	22	6	13	4	55	8	31	21	19	15	20	14	39
West	27	16	1	1	5	38	10	13	13	13	2	9	1	9	3	5	2	21	15	2	22	9	6	27	17	22	37	7	10	7	8	20	14	19	22	21	13	30
Wood	37	3	4	0	27	8	28	6	4	1	32	3	3		1	2	1	4	5	15	22	8	3	23	20	16	12	15	24	13	7	16	13	10	28	18	15	31
Total	1713	1669	273	380	1328	1416	1845	941	535	731	555	524	374	790	168	678	309	687	727	792	2134	668	371	1997	1759	1890	1473	946	1741	983	617	2284	978	1295	1290	1784	1191	2302

Official vote for candidates who had no opposition, as follows: B. K. Focht, Congress, 2950; Warren B. Simpson, Legislature, 2969; Wm. H. Trude, Register and Recorder, 3099; I. Newton Swope, Prothonotary, 3050.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD

Bulletin.

The Forty Beaches of New Jersey.

The one hundred and twenty-five odd miles along the New Jersey coast line from Long Branch to Cape May presents the greatest pleasuring section in the United States.

Upon the bluffs of the norhern end and the gently shelving sands of the southern end are located forty resorts which entertain during the spring and summer season millions of pleasure seeker.

At no time in the year is this section more delightful than during the spring and early summer months. One who has not seen them at this season would marvel at their delights. The great pine belt, which extends through the center of New Jersey, fills the air with life-giving ozone, which combined with the salty tang of the sea and the open air exercise possible at all times, is exhilarating and tonic to the highest degree.

Long Branch, with its beautiful cottage-neighbors, West End, Hollywood, and Elberton; Deal and Allenhurst, largely devoted to cottage life; Asbury Park and Ocean Grove, attracting thousands yearly; Avon, Belmar, Como, Spring Lake, and Sea Grit, are a galaxy of attractive places upon bluffs where "the country meets the sea."

Then the Barnegat Bay section, where Point Pleasant, Sea Side Park, Island Height, Barnegat City, and Beech Haven, with other smaller places nearby, welcome the summer sojourner.

Atlantic City, with its seven miles of beach and drives, and its charming suburbs, leads the island resorts, separated from the main land by the great salt marshes.

Ocean City, Sea Island City, Avalon, and Stone Harbor; Anglesea, Wildwood, Holly Beach, and, Wildwood Crest also have a large summer population.

And Cape May, with its new million dollar hotel and its wonderful improvements make a fitting climax and holds a high place among the forty beaches.

The Pennsylvania Railroad is the direct route to all of these resorts from all sections of the country. Its splendid train service makes each of them neighbor to all the rest and to the world at large.

W. H. WOODS. JAMES S. WOODS, Notary Public

W. H. & J. S. WOODS,

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,

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